| 1. Alarm Notification | 2 |
|---|----|
| 1.1 Notification Contact Info | 5 |
| 1.2 On-Call Rosters | 8 |
| 1.3 Notification Profile Types | 12 |
| 1.3.1 Email Notification Profile | 13 |
| 1.3.1.1 Email Alarm Acknowledgement | 19 |
| 1.3.2 Simple One-Way Email Notification Profile | 21 |
| 1.3.3 SMS Notification Profile | 24 |
| 1.3.4 Twilio SMS Notification | 27 |
| 1.3.5 Voice Notification Profile | 30 |
| 1.3.5.1 Notification Security PIN | 35 |
| 1.3.5.2 Voice Notification Scripts | 38 |
| 1.3.5.3 Registering Voice Alarm Module to CUCM | |
| 1.3.6 Remote Gateway Notification | 47 |
| 1.4 Alarm Notification Pipelines | 52 |
| 1.4.1 Alarm Pipeline Designer Interface | 56 |
| 1.4.2 Simple Pipeline | 59 |
| 1.4.3 Pipeline Blocks | 64 |
| 1.4.3.1 Notification Block | 71 |
| 1.4.4 Pipeline - Filter on Alarm Priority | |
| 1.4.5 Pipeline - Filter on Alarm Associated Data | 87 |
| 1.4.6 Pipeline - Simple Loop | 91 |
| 1.4.7 Pipeline - Escalation | 93 |
| 1.4.8 Pipeline - Notification Block Consolidation | 97 |
| 1.4.9 Pipeline Status | 98 |
| 1.5 Adding Pipelines to Tags | 99 |

Alarm Notification

The Alarm Notification Module enables you to send a message to a group of users when an alarm becomes active or cleared. This functionality is enabled by having the Alarm Notification Module installed with alarm pipelines and Email notification set up. Additional modules can be installed which add SMS notification and Voice notification capabilities

Five Steps to Alarm Notification

Regardless of what type of notification you decide to use, there are five simple steps to getting alarm notification setup on an Ignition Gateway.

Notification User

Setting up users with contact information is the first step to sending out alarm notifications. Most users will have already added contact information when they set up their username and password. This step is typically done in the Configure section of the Gateway Webpage.

On this page ... • Five Steps to Alarm Notification • Notification User • On-Call Roster • Alarm Notification Profile • Alarm Notification Pipeline • Adding Pipelines to Tags • Notification Testing

On-Call Roster

The second step to sending out alarm notifications is creating an On-Call Roster. An On-Call Roster is a collection of users that are notified when an alarm occurs. When an alarm is triggered, it is sent to a designated On-Call Roster where it evaluates the users schedules, and only notifies those users that have an active schedule. Users that are off-schedule will not be notified. The On-Call Rosters are setup in the Configure Section of the Gateway Webpage.

Alarm Notification Profile

The Notification Profile is the third step, and determines what type of notification (Email, SMS, or Voice) is sent out. The notification profile typically connects to an outside system that can do the actual notification. Each alarm notification type can be configured for both one-way and two-way notifications. A notification profile will be set up in the Configure section of the Gateway Webpage.

Alarm Notification Pipeline

The next step is setting up an Alarm Notification Pipeline. The Alarm Notification Pipeline creates a list of actions that the alarm will do. A pipeline can send out notification using pre configured Notification Profiles and On-Call Rosters, and can have logic to determine who to notify and when. Alarm Notification Pipelines have a section in the Ignition Designer where they are created.

Adding Pipelines to Tags

The last step of the alarm notification process is to add an Alarm Notification Pipeline to a Tag. Every alarm on a Tag can have a pipeline set up that the alarm will use when the alarm becomes active, which is most common, but can also use a pipeline to notify users when ana alarm becomes acknowledged or gets cleared. This last step of the process is configured on individual alarms on Tags.

Notification Testing

Before assigning Pipelines to alarms, the notification system can inject test alarms to help troubleshoot any problems. A notification will be sent out to any On-Call Rosters in the selected pipeline, so it is recommended to either enable test mode on any Notification blocks, or create a testing-only roster.

To test alarms, follow these simple steps:

- 1. Go to the Gateway webpage and select the Config section.
- 2. From the menu on the left, select Alarming > Notification. The Alarm Notification Profiles page will open.



3. Click on Test Pipelines and Notification Profiles.

| lgni | tion | | | | | Help 🕑 | Get Designer |
|--------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------|---------|-------------------------|---------------------------|--------------|
| • | SYSTEM | Config > Alarming > Alarm | n Notification P | rofiles | | | |
| Home | Overview | | | | | | |
| Status | Backup/Restore Ignition Exchange | Name | Description | Enabled | Туре | Status | |
| * | Licensing | Email Notifications | | true | Email Notification | Running | delete edit |
| Config | Modules Projects | Voice | | true | VOIP Voice Notification | Registered with VOIP Host | More 👻 edit |
| | Redundancy Gateway Settings | → Create new Alarm | Notification P | rofile | | | |
| | NETWORKING | → Test Pipelines and | | | | | |
| | Web Server | | | | | | |

4. Select your configured Pipeline, and click the Submit button.

| Igni | tion | | | Help 🕑 | Get Designer |
|--------|--|--|---|--|--------------|
| Home | SYSTEM Overview Backup/Restore Ignition Exchange | Config > Alarming > Alarm Notification Profiles | | | |
| Config | Licensing Modules Projects Redundancy Gateway Settings | Use this page to inject a fake alarm event Pipeline project:Core:/pipeline:Basic Pipeline* | t into a pipeline to test out your pipelin Display Path TestPage/TEST_ALARM | e and notification profile setting Priority Diagnostic | gs. v |
| | NETWORKING Web Server Gateway Network | Submit | | | |

- Once the system has been tested successfully, the last step is to assign a pipeline to your alarms. This can be done by editing your Tags in the Designer. Go to your Tag Browser and double click on your tag.
- 6. The Tag Editor will open. Click on Alarming.
- 7. Select an alarm and go to the Notification section, and choose a pipeline (i.e., Escalate) to assign to your alarm. Click OK.

| arms | | Fault1 | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|--|--|------------|
| ault1 - Above Setpoint, High | + | Properties | | |
| ligh Alarm - Above Setpoint, Critical | ā | | | |
| ow Alarm - Below Setpoint, Medium | | Mode | Above Setpoint | |
| | | Setpoint | | 6 0 |
| | | Inclusive | true | * 0 |
| | | Any Change | false | - |
| | | Deadbands and Time Delays | | |
| | | Deadband | | 0 0 |
| | | Deadband Mode | Absolute | |
| | | Active delay (seconds) | | 0 0 |
| | | Clear delay (seconds) | | 0 0 |
| | | Notification | | |
| | | Ack Pipeline | | v 0 |
| | | Active Pipeline | Core/Basic Pipeline | T 0 |
| | | Clear Pipeline | | T 0 |
| | | Phone Call Settings | | |
| | | Custom Message | | 0 |
| | | Active Pipeline The pipeline that will be used to process | s active events generated by this alarm. | |

Now, when an alarm occurs, an alarm notification will be sent to the users in the On-Call Roster whose schedule is active.

In This Section ...

Notification Contact Info

Ignition provides the capability to send out alarm notifications to a list of people in Email, SMS, and Phone (voice dial-out). There are several steps to get alarm notifications sent out to a list people. The first thing to do is create an Alarm Notification Profile for Email, SMS or Voice, whichever method you intend to use. Then, create the users who are going to receive the alarms. Each user must have a name and contact information in order for Ignition to notify them of an impending alarm.

Add a User

- 1. Go to the **Config** section of the Gateway Webpage.
- 2. Scroll down to Security > Users, Role.







3. Select manage users from the appropriate user source.



4. Look for the blue arrow and select the Add User link to add a user.

| _ | | | | | |
|---|---------------|---------------|----------------------------|----------|----------------|
| U | Jsers Roles | | | | |
| U | Jsername Name | Roles | Contact Info | Schedule | |
| а | dmin | Administrator | email: admin@mycompany.com | Always | Edit Delete |
| B | lob | Driver | email: bob@mycompany.com | Always | Edit Delete |

5. Complete the fields that correspond to the user's information. for example:

| nfig > Security > User | Sources |
|------------------------|---|
| Users Role | 5 |
| | |
| User Properties | |
| Username | HJames |
| Password | ····· • |
| Password | Re-type password for verification. |
| First Name | Harry |
| Last Name | James |
| Roles | Z Administrator Driver Z Operator |
| Schedule | Always 🔻 |
| Language | English • |

- 6. In the Contact Info section, click Add Contact info.7. Choose the delivery method from the dropdown list, and enter the appropriate Value such as an email address.

| Туре | Value | 9 |
|------------|--------------------|-------|
| Choose One | HJames@company.com | Save |
| Choose One | | Callo |
| E-Mail | | |
| - | | |
| Phone | | |

8. Click Add User. The new user will now appear under the Users tab.

User Sources Settings

The following table describes all the settings on the User Source screen.

| User Propert | ies |
|--------------|--|
| Setting | Description |
| Username | User name |
| Password | Password for this user. |
| Password | Re-type the password for verification |
| First Name | First name of the user (Optional). |
| Last Name | Last name of the user (Optional). |
| Roles | Select the roles this user will be assigned. |
| Schedule | Select the schedule for the user. Default is Always. |
| Language | Select the language for the user. Default is English. |
| Notes | Any notes about the user. (Optional). |
| Badge | Badge ID information (Optional). |
| Contact Info | |
| Туре | Dropdown list of contact information types, such as Email. |
| Value | Contact information (i.e., email address). |
| Extended Pro | operties |
| Security PIN | Security PIN for the user (Optional). |

Related Topics ...

• User Schedules

On-Call Rosters

The On-Call Roster lets you create user groups to be notified when an alarm occurs. Each group includes a list of users in a specific order. Alarm pipeline's notification blocks must choose an on-call roster which identifies the users to notify for that notification block. When notifications are sent out by a pipeline, all users on the roster will be notified, save for those that are off shift (see schedul es).

On-Call Rosters are statically defined, in that they can't be modified from a pipeline. However a cal culated roster can be created on demand on a Notification block.



Watch the Video

Create and Manage an On-Call Roster

- 1. Go to the Config section of the Gateway Webpage.
- 2. Scroll down to Alarming > On-Call Rosters.

| ALARMING | |
|-----------------|--|
| General | |
| Journal | |
| Notification | |
| On-Call Rosters | |
| Schedules | |
| | |

3. Click on Create new On-Call Roster.

| lgni | tion | | | | Help 🕑 | Get Designer |
|---------------|--|--------------------------|---|---------|-------------------|-------------------|
| h Home | SYSTEM Overview | 🌣 Config > Alarming > On | -Call Rosters | | | |
| Lii Status | Backup/Restore Ignition Exchange Licensing | | re ordered lists of users that : ation block inside an alarmin | | alarm occurs. The | ese are used when |
| Config | Modules Projects | Name | Description | # Users | | |
| | Redundancy Gateway Settings | Managers | | 2 | | More 👻 edit |
| | NETWORKING | Operators | | 2 | | More 🕶 edit |
| | Web Server Gateway Network | → Create new On- | Call Roster | | | |

4. On the New On-Call Roster, enter a Name, and click Create New On-Call Roster.

| Igni | ition | | | Help 😮 | Get Designer |
|-----------|--|------------------------|---------------------------|--------|--------------|
| h Home | SYSTEM Overview | Config > Alarming > Or | n-Call Rosters | | |
| da | Backup/Restore | | | | |
| Status | Ignition Exchange | Properties | | | |
| Config | Licensing Modules | Name | MyRoster | | |
| | Projects Redundancy Gateway Settings | Description | Test on-call roster, | | |
| | NETWORKING | | | | |
| | Web Server | | Create New On-Call Roster | | |
| | Gateway Network | | | | |

5. Now back on the On-Call Rosters page, click on the More button, and select manage from the dropdown list to the right of the roster name.

| lgni | tion | | | | Help 🔞 | Get Designer |
|----------------|--|-------------------------|--|---------|----------------|-----------------|
| A Home | SYSTEM Overview | 🌣 Config > Alarming > O | On-Call Rosters | | | |
| .lıı Status | Backup/Restore Ignition Exchange Licensing | | are ordered lists of users that sho ication block inside an alarming pi | | m occurs. Thes | e are used when |
| Config | Modules Projects | Name | Description | # Users | | |
| | Redundancy Gateway Settings | Managers | | 2 | Мо | re 🕶 🛛 edit |
| | NETWORKING | MyRoster | Test on-call roster. | 0 | Мо | re 👻 edit |
| | Web Server Gateway Network | Operators | | 2 | | nanage |
| | Email Settings | → Create new Or | n-Call Roster | | d | elete |

6. The Manage Roster page is displayed. Here you can add one or all users from a source list, and put them in any order you wish. You can also remove users from the On-Call Roster.

| lgni | tion | | н | elp 🕜 | Get D | esigner |
|--------|-------------------|---|--|--------|--------------|--------------|
| ♠ | SYSTEM | Config > Alarming > On-Call Rosters | | | | |
| Home | Overview | | | | | |
| dit | Backup/Restore | $\widehat{}$ | | | | |
| Status | Ignition Exchange | Ψ Click the right arrow on each user in the user | | | l list (righ | t). Re-order |
| • | Licensing | the users on the on-call list using the up and dov | vn arrows to control who gets called f | first. | | |
| Config | Modules | | | | | |
| | Projects | All Users from default manage | On-Call Roster | | | |
| | Redundancy | | | | | |
| | Gateway Settings | ▲ admin 🖂 🔶 | 🗙 Bob 🖂 | | + + | |
| | NETWORKING | ≗ Bob ⊠ → | | | | |
| | Web Server | <u>∧</u> guest → | | | | |
| | Gateway Network | <u>a</u> Sal → | | | | |
| | Email Settings | Add All | | | | |
| | SECURITY | | | | | |
| | Auditing | | Save | | | |
| | Users, Roles | | | | | |

7. Click on Save.

Manage the Roster from the Client

Roster management also can take place from within a Vision Client.

1. Open your project in the **Designer** and navigate to a window the client has access to. If this is a new window, you will have to add it to your navigation.

2. From the Component Palette, drag and drop a Roster Management component in your design window.

| File Edit View Project Component | Alignment Shape Tools Help | |
|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 🗎 🕑 🍝 🤌 🎾 🗯 🕅 🚺 | 1▶ □ • ▶ ⊁ • ₽ ♥ 표 표 표 표 ٩ ٩ ٩ ₽ ₽ | । 🖩 📲 🤆 ७ 🕸 🛬 📥 🔇 |
| Project Browser 🗇 💷 🗙 | | L.L. Component Palette 📑 💷 🗙 |
| Q- Filter | \$\$ | 📲 🚍 🗮 🔍 rost 💿 |
| Vision | On-Call Rosters | ✓ Admin |
| Windows | Name Count 🕂 | 😵 Roster Management |
| Main Window Main Window2 | Critical 2 | |
| Main Window2 | Managers 2 | |
| PopupTest | MyRoster 0 | |
| Table test | NonCritical 2 | |
| Testing_Window | Operators 2 | * |
| Root Container | Roster A 0 | |
| Templates | Roster B 0 | |
| Named Queries | Roster C 0 | |
| Tag Browser $\Box' = X$ | | |
| | | |
| Q C ♥• ■ ⊙ ≚ ≛ ⊞• | | |
| Tag Value Dat Traits |] | |
| Tags Tsystem | 4 - 4 | |

- 3. If you have more than one user source, go to the Property Editor and enter the one you want to be used by the roster in the User Source property.
- Save your project.
 To interact with the roster, either launch your Vision Client or put your Designer into Preview mode.
- 6. To edit the roster, double-click any where on the roster or click the Edit 🖍 icon in the upper right.

| Name | Count | | + |
|-------------|-------|---|---------|
| Critical | Count | 2 | |
| Managers | | 2 | |
| MyRoster | | 0 | |
| NonCritical | | 2 | |
| Operators | | 2 | 1 |
| Roster A | | 0 | |
| Roster B | | 0 | |
| Roster C | | 0 | |

7. On the Edit Roster screen, you can add an available user to the On-Call Roster, by selecting the user and clicking the Add User

icon. Alternatively you can add all users by clicking the Add All Users icon.

| | | 0 <u>,,,,,</u> ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | | 500 |
|---------------------|-----------------------------|--|-----------------|-----|
| • • • | On-Call Rosters > Edit Rost | ter | < back 🖌 🖌 Save | |
| - 1. 0. 0. | Add users from default | ▼ 💭 On-Call Roster | | |
| 0. - - | admin 🖂 📋 | O Sal | Ē | |
| 2. | Bob 🖂 guest | admin 🖂 📋 | | |
| 2.00 | Sal | | ۲ | |
| | | | × | |
| 3 0 0 | | | | |

8. To delete a user from the roster, select the user and click the **Delete** lpha icon.

For additional information, see the Vision - Roster Management component.

Notification Profile Types

Once you have alarms configured in Ignition, you can notify people when alarms occur. (See Alarming in Vision and Alarming in Perspective.) Ignition provides three Notification Profile Types: Email, SMS or text message, and Voice through a phone call in Ignition. All three of these notification profiles can be configured to be two-way, which can be acknowledged via email, by text message, or by pressing 1 on the phone. Here is a brief description of each Notification Profile type:

- Email Notification Profile Sends an email containing the alarm notification message. The two-way sends an email containing links that allow the user to acknowledge the alarm.
- SMS Notification Profile Sends a text message to users notifying them of an alarm, and a link to acknowledge the alarm.
- Voice Notification Profile Delivers alarm notifications to users via telephone. Acknowledgement is provided as a voice instruction as part of the call.

Details on how to create and configure each of these profiles are found on the following sub-pages.

Module Requirements

Each Notification Profile requires the Alarm Notification Module. This is because Notification Pipelines are managed and defined by the Alarm Notification Module. The SMS Notification Module and Voice Notification Module are similar in concept to browser plug-ins in that they extend the functionality of another piece of software. The SMS Notification and Voice Notification are both separate modules, and can be downloaded from the Ignition Downloads webpage. To learn more about installing these modules, refer to Installing or Upgrading a Module.

Additional Requirements

Each Alarm Notification Profile needs a method to deliver the message. These methods are not included with the Alarm Notification Module, and some may require additional hardware to be purchased.

- Email Notification The Gateway will need network access to a SMTP server.
- SMS Notification A cellular modem with an active SIM card. Alternatively, a Twilio account may be used instead of the physical cellular modem.
- Voice Notification Any SIP compatible phone system.

In This Section ...

Email Notification Profile

Alarm notification is the act of sending an email message to a group of people when an alarm becomes active or cleared. In Ignition, this functionality is enabled by having the Alarm Notification Module installed which provides alarm pipelines and email notification.

Once you have your Email Notification Profile created in Ignition, you can notify people when alarms occur via Email. If the two-way setting is enabled, operators can also acknowledge the alarm by clicking the link in the body of the email.

For notifications to be sent, Ignition must be able to access an SMTP server that accepts user credential (username and password).

Let's get started setting up an Email Notification Profile.





Email Notification Profile

Watch the Video

Create an Email Notification Profile

- 1. Go to the **Config** section of the Gateway Webpage.
- 2. Scroll down and select Alarming > Notification from the menu on the left side.



3. Click on the Create new Alarm Notification Profile link.

| Igni | tion | | | | | Help 🕄 | Get Designer |
|--------|---|-------------------------|-------------------|---------|-------------------------|---------------------------|--------------|
| A | SYSTEM | Config > Alarming > Ala | rm Notification P | rofiles | | | |
| Home | Overview Backup/Restore Ignition Exchange | Name | Description | Enabled | Туре | Status | |
| Config | Licensing Modules | Email Notification | S | true | Email Notification | Running | delete edit |
| comg | Projects Redundancy | Voice | | true | VOIP Voice Notification | Registered with VOIP Host | More 👻 edit |
| | Gateway Settings | → Create new Alar | m Notification P | rofile | | | |
| | NETWORKING | → Test Pipelines a | nd Notification P | rofiles | | | |
| | Web Server | | | | | | |

4. A list of available alarm notification profiles appear. If any of the profiles are not displayed, it means the required module is missing or faulted. (To verify that the Alarm Notification Module is installed and running, click on Modules from the menu bar on the left side). Choose Email Notification, and click Next.

| Cor | nfig > Alarming > Alarm Notification Profiles |
|-----|--|
| | |
| | |
| | Email Notification |
| | Send alarm notifications via email. |
| | Remote Gateway Notification |
| | Enables alarm notification using notification profiles of a remote gateway. Will also expose the pipelines of the remote gateway directly to tags. |
| | Simple One-way Email Notification |
| | Send alarm notifications via email to users in a user source. Listens for active alarms within a given priority range. |
| | SMS Notification |
| | Send alarm notifications via SMS using your Airlink device. |
| | Next> |

- 5. Configure the settings for the Email Notification Profile:
 - Enter a Name: Email 1
 - Click the **Enabled** box to enable Email notifications.
 - Enter the Hostname. This is the hostname of the SMTP server that will be responsible for sending the emails.
 - Enter the **Port**. The default is **Port 25**, but your mail server may be different.
 - Enable SSL/TLS if you are using encryption.
 - Enter your Username and Password if they are required.
 - Click the Two-way Enable box if you want to make your Email Notification Profile two-way so that the operator can
 acknowledge the email. There is a link to acknowledge the alarm in the email.

You must have a connection back to the Ignition Gateway. So, if you are working from home and not on a VPN, you will either have to get on a VPN or expose your Ignition server on the internet. You can do this with port forwarding, talk to your IT department about it.

- Pop3 Two-way Settings: Leave the defaults for now.
- Auditing: You have the option of attaching emails to an Audit profile so that Ignition can store all the events associated with the Email Notification Profile. (i.e., who is receiving alarm and who is acknowledging an alarm).

| Main | | |
|--|--|-----------|
| Name | Email 1 | |
| in the second se | | |
| Description | | |
| Enabled | Ø (default: true) | |
| Email Settings | | |
| Use SMTP Profile? | If selected, this notification profile will use one of the gateway defined SMTP profiles. Otherwise, it will use the defined here. (default: false) | settings |
| SMTP Profile | - none - v If Use SMTP Profile is selected, alarm notifications will be emailed using this profile. | |
| Hostname | mail@inductiveautomation.com Hostname of the SMTP server to send email through. Only used when Use SMTP Profile is false. | |
| Port | 25 Port SMTP service is running on. Only used when Use SMTP Profile is false. (default: 25) | |
| Enable SSL/TLS | Connect using SSL/TLS. Only used when Use SMTP Profile is false. (default: false) | |
| Username | user@inductiveautomation.com Only used when Use SMTP Profile is false. | |
| Password | | |
| Password | Re-type password for verification. | |
| Two-way Setting | 5 | |
| Two-way Enabled | (default: false) | |
| Gateway | localhost 8088 Address and port this gateway is reachable at. Will be used in notification emails. Example: 1.2.3.4:8088 | |
| Send HTTPS Link | (default: false) | |
| Auditing | | |
| Audit Profile | - none - | te that a |
| Show advanced p | | |

Click Create New Alarm Notification Profile.
 Once you create your Email Notification Profile, it will appear in the Alarm Notification Profiles list, and it will be running. You can edit the profile at any time to change any of the settings, and create as many Email Notification Profiles as you need.

| Succes | sfully created new A | larm Notificatio | on Profile "Email 1" | | |
|----------------------------|----------------------|------------------|----------------------------|---------|-----------|
| Name | Description | Enabled | Туре | Status | |
| Email | | true | Email Notification | Running | delete eo |
| Email 1 | | true | E mail Notification | Running | delete ea |

() Once your Notification profile is created, you can use it in an Alarm Pipeline.

Email Notification Profile Settings

Email Settings

These settings specify the SMTP server that should deliver the emails. Multiple Ignition Gateways may be configured to use the same SMTP server.

| Property Name | Description |
|-------------------------|---|
| Use SMTP Profile? | If selected, this notification profile will use one of the Gateway defined SMTP profiles. Otherwise, it will use the settings defined here. |
| TIONE | The setting should NOT be enabled unless a SMTP Profile has been configured elsewhere on the Gateway. Enabling this property causes the profile to ignore the Hostname and Port properties listed below |
| SMTP Profile | If the Use SMTP Profile property is enabled, alarm notifications will be emailed using this profile. |
| Hostname | Hostname of the SMTP server to send email through. |
| | Only used when Use SMTP Profile is false. |
| Port | Port SMTP service is running on. |
| | Only used when Use SMTP Profile is false. |
| Enable SSL/TLS | Connect using SSL/TLS. |
| 33L/1L3 | Only used when Use SMTP Profile is false. |
| Username | The username Ignition should use when communicating with the SMTP server. This is only required if the SMTP server expects authentication. |
| | Only used when Use SMTP Profile is false. |
| Password | The password Ignition will use to authenticate against the SMTP server. This is only required if the SMTP server expects authentication. |

Two-Way Settings

These settings allow users to acknowledge alarms directly from the Email Notification. When enabled, a link is included in the email that will redirect to a page on the Gateway.

Property Name Description

| Two-way Enabled | Enables remote alarm acknowledgement. If disabled, users will not be able to acknowledge alarms from the email. |
|-----------------|---|
| Gateway | Network address and port the Gateway is reachable at. Will be used in notification emails. |
| Send HTTPS Link | Specifies if the link should use a HTTPS link for SSL. |

POP3 Two-Way Settings

These settings allows Notifications to be acknowledged from when retrieved from a POP3 mailserver. Multiple Ignition Gateways may be configured to use the same POP3 server.

| Property Name | Description |
|--------------------------|--|
| Pop3 Two- way Enabled | Enable two-way notification via POP3. |
| Enable SSL /TLS | Enables SSL/TLS between the Gateway and the mailserver. |
| Delete On Acknowledge | If enabled, will delete messages from the inbox after the acknowledging an alarm. |
| Hostname | The hostname of the mailserver. |
| Port | The port the mailserver is running on. |
| Username | The username the Gateway will use when authenticating against the mailserver. |
| Password | The password the Gateway will use when authenticating against the mailserver. |
| Custom Message | Allows an opportunity to provide an additional message to the notification. This custom message is in addition to the Custom Messages configured on the Alarm and the Notification Blocks in the Alarm Pipeline. |
| Polling Interval | The interval (in milliseconds) that the Gateway will check for new notifications. |

Auditing

| Property Name | Description | |
|------------------|--|--|
| Audit Profile | If an audit profile is selected, events such as emails and acknowledgements will be stored to the audit system. Note that alarm acknowledgements are also stored to the alarm journal. | |

Advanced

| Property Name | Description |
|--------------------------|--|
| SMTP Timeout | Timeout (in milliseconds) to use when connecting to, reading from, and writing to the SMTP server. |
| Debug Mode Enabled | Enable email session debugging. Information is printed to standard output (wrapper.log). |
| STARTTL S Enabled | Enable use of the STARTTLS command, allowing the connection to be upgraded to an SSL or TLS connection if supported by the server. This is not necessary for connections that are already SSL/TLS. Ignored when Use SMTP Profile is checked. |

Related Topics ...

SMS Notification Profile

• Alarm Notification Pipelines

In This Section ...

Email Alarm Acknowledgement

Email Alarm Acknowledgement allows operators to acknowledge alarms via a link that is included directly in the email alarm notification. The email alarm acknowledgement process a simple two-step process:

- The operator receives an email in their inbox alerting them to an alarm(s).
- The link in the email directs the operator to a landing page describing the alarm(s) where the operator can add notes and acknowledge the alarm(s).

Once you have an Email Notification Profile created in Ignition, operators can be notified when alarms occur and acknowledge alarms via email. In order to acknowledge alarms in an email, the **T wo-way Enable** option must be set to 'true' in the Email Notification Profile.

Email Alarm Acknowledgement Setup

⁄!∖

This page assumes an Email Notification Profile, an On-Call Roster containing users with vaild email addresses who will be receiving and acknowledging alarms, and an Alar m Notification Pipeline are configured, including assigning the alarm to a pipeline. You can choose to send one email notification per alarm, or multiple alarms in one email notification using Notification Consolidation.

The following feature is new in Ignition version **8.0.13** Click here to check out the other new features

In version 8.0.13, two new properties were added to the email notification blocks of an Alarm Acknowledgement email:

- 'Recipient Type' allows you to choose: To, CC and BCC.
- 'Send Ack' allows you to choose to <u>not</u> send an acknowledgement link on an email notification, even if the notification profile is enabled for two-way authentication.

Using Email Alarm Acknowledgement

Acknowledging an alarm in an email is super simple!

1. Open the the alarm notification email message, and click the link.

| High Speed Alarm 9/11/2019 8:40:01 AM (422B) | From | admin@ai.com |
|---|---------|--|
| 5/11/2015 6.40.01 AM (422b) | То | operator@ai.com |
| | Date | 9/11/2019 8:40:01 AM -07:00 |
| | Subject | High Speed Alarm |
| | Message | e Headers Body Sections Raw |
| | | alarm "High Speed" at "" transitioned to Active. |

- 2. A new window opens describing the alarm. This example shows one email for one alarm.
- 3. If notes are required as in the following example, enter notes about the alarm.
- 4. Click the **Acknowledge** button.



| Controller | Ignition | |
|------------|---|-------------|
| | Ignition Alarm Acknowledgement Alarms highlighted in red require notes. | |
| | Alarm Name | Active Time |
| | High Speed @ Speed/High Speed | 8:39 AM |
| | Notes: | |
| | Recalibrated the equipment. | |
| | | Acknowledge |

5. If Notification Consolidation is configured, you can limit the number of email notifications that will be sent, thus, consolidating multiple alarms into one email for operators to acknowledge.

| Se Controller | | |
|---------------|--|-------------|
| | Ignition | |
| Ignition | Alarm Acknowledgement | |
| Action | Alarm Name | Active Time |
| 8 | High Speed @ Speed/High Speed | 11:09 AM |
| ۲ | Low Amps @ Motor Plant/Motor 2/Amps/Low Am | ps 11:12 AM |
| Select Al | I | |
| Notes: | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | Acknowledge |

A Check Logs

If you are not receiving any email alarm notifications, check **Status > Logs** for any error messages. If you are getting errors saying emails are "unreachable," then check your Email Notification Profile.

Related Topics ...

- Alarm Notification
- Pipeline Notification Block Consolidation
- Alarm Notification Pipelines

Simple One-Way Email Notification Profile

The Simple One-Way Email Notification profile is another type of Email Notification profile that can be setup to notify people when alarms occur. This one-way email notification profile is just as the name suggests, one way. It listens for active alarms within a given priority range, and when the alarm criteria is met, it sends alarm notifications via email to a specified On-Call Roster.

Although it's similar to the Email Notification Profile, it does not utilize Alarm Pipelines and does not include a link in the Email message to allow recipients to acknowledge the alarm.

It is important to be aware that there is no way to filter which alarms get sent using this notification profile other than the priority, so if alarms are sent to the same roster through an alarm pipeline, users may see duplicate alarms.

The Simple One-way Email Notification requires the Alarm Notification Module to be installed.

| | On this page |
|---|--|
| • | Create a Simple One-Way Email Notification Profile Simple One-Way Email Notification Profile Settings |

Create a Simple One-Way Email Notification Profile

- 1. Go to the Config section of the Gateway Webpage.
- 2. Under Alarming, select Notification from the menu on the left side.



3. A list of Alarm Notification Profiles will appear. Click on the Create new Alarm Notification Profile link.

| lgni | tion | | | | | Help 🕑 | Get | t Design |
|----------------|---|--|----------------|----------|-------------------------|---------------------------|--------|----------|
| A Home | SYSTEM Overview | Config > Alarming > Alarm | n Notification | Profiles | | | | |
| .lii Status | Backup/Restore Ignition Exchange | Name | Description | Enabled | Туре | Status | | |
| Config | Licensing Modules | Email Notifications | | true | Email Notification | Running | delete | edit |
| comg | Projects Redundancy | SMS | | true | SMS Notification | Unknown | delete | edit |
| | Gateway Settings | Voice | | true | VOIP Voice Notification | Registered with VOIP Host | More 🔻 | edit |
| | NETWORKING Web Server Gateway Network Email Settings | → Create new Alarm → Test Pipelines and | | |] | | | |

4. A list of all the alarm notification profile types will appear.

If any of the profiles are not shown, it means the required module is missing or faulted. (To verify the Alarm Notification Module is installed and running, go to the Config tab of the Gateway Wepage and click on **System>Modules**.)

Choose Simple One-Way Email Notification, and click Next.

| lgni | tion | Help 🖉 Get Designer |
|---------------|---|--|
| Home | SYSTEM Overview | Config > Alarming > Alarm Notification Profiles |
| Lii Status | Backup/Restore Ignition Exchange Licensing Modules | Email Notification Send alarm notifications via email. |
| | Projects Redundancy Gateway Settings | Remote Gateway Notification Enables alarm notification using notification profiles of a remote gateway. Will also expose the pipelines of the remote gateway directly to tags. |
| | NETWORKING Web Server Gateway Network | Simple One-way Email Notification Send alarm notifications via email to users in a user source. Listens for active alarms within a given priority range. |
| | Email Settings | SMS Notification Send alarm notifications via SMS using your Airlink device. |

- 5. Configure the profile settings for the Simple One-way Email Notification Profile, and then click Create New Alarm Notification Profile.
 - Name: OneWay Email
 - SMTP: SMTP (Please see the Email Settings page for more information on creating an SMTP profile.)
 - On-call Roster: Managers (For more information, please see the On-Call Rosters page.)
 - Minimum Priority: High
 - Maximum Priority: Critical

This notification profile example below is configured to send email notifications to the users in the **Managers** On-Call Roster when the alarm criteria is **High** or **Critical**.

| Main | |
|---------------------|-------------------------------|
| Name | OneWay Email |
| Description | |
| Enabled | ✓ (default: true) |
| | |
| Email Settings | |
| SMTP Profile | SMTP v |
| On-Call Roster | Managers v |
| | |
| Alarm Criteria | |
| Minimum Priority | High v (default: Low) |
| Maximum Priority | Critical (default: Critical) |

6. Once created, the Simple One-way Email Notification Profile appears your Alarm Notification Profiles list, and it will be running. You can edit the profile to change the On-Call Roster or alarm criteria at any time. You can create as many Simple One-way Email Notification Profiles as you need.

| Config | > Alarming > Aları | m Notification I | Profiles | | | |
|--------|----------------------------------|------------------|------------|-----------------------------------|---------|-------------|
| | Successfully | updated Alar | m Notifica | tion Profile "Email 1" | | |
| | Name | Description | Enabled | Туре | Status | |
| | Email | | true | Email Notification | Running | delete edit |
| | Email 1 | | true | Email Notification | Running | delete edit |
| | OneWay Email | | true | Simple One-way Email Notification | Running | delete edit |
| | SMS | | true | SMS Notification | Running | delete edit |

Simple One-Way Email Notification Profile Settings

| Property Name | Description |
|---------------------|---|
| Main | |
| Name | Name of the profile. |
| Description | Brief description of the profile. Optional. |
| Enabled | Whether the Simple One-way Email Notification is enabled. |
| Email Settin | gs |
| SMTP Profile | The SMTP Profile that will be used to distribute the notifications. |
| On-Call Roster | The Roster of users that will be notified when an alarm meets the criteria set in this profile. |
| Alarm Crite | ria |
| Minimum Priority | For a Notification to be sent from this Notification Profile, its priority must be equal to or higher than the priority specified on this property. (Diagnostic, Low, Medium, High, Critical) |
| Maximum Priority | For a Notification to be sent from this Notification Profile, its priority must be equal to or lower than the priority specified on this property. (Diagnostic, Low, Medium, High, Critical) |

Related Topics ...

- Notification Profile TypesOn-Call RostersAlarming

SMS Notification Profile

SMS Notification Module

Short Message Service (SMS) is the protocol that is used by text messaging systems. The SMS Notification Module allows you to deliver SMS alarm notifications via a cellular modem configured with a SIM card belonging to an active cellular account. If enabled, recipients of these messages can reply with a special code in order to acknowledge the alarm.

The SMS Notification Module is dependent on the Alarm Notification module. You must have both modules installed to send alarms.

Device Configuration

⁄∄∖

Inductive Automation officially supports three Airlink devices: the RV50/RV50X, RV55 and LX40. Most devices from most manufacturers that support the Airlink IP protocol can be used, but some configuration settings might be different. You can do the basic configuration for the Airlink modem by importing a template settings file provided by Inductive Automation. To learn more, refer to the Knowledge Base article by clicking the link on the right side of this page.

For more information about various AirLink® devices, see: https://www.sierrawireless.com/router-solutions/airlink/

Multiple Systems with One Modem

You can use one SMS modem with multiple Ignition systems for one-way (outgoing) messaging. If you want to use two-way messaging (incoming and outgoing), then only one Ignition system can receive those incoming responses.

On this page ... SMS Notification Module Device Configuration Multiple Systems with One Modem Create an SMS Notification Profile SMS Notification Profile Settings

AirLink LS300 Setup Guide

Link to Knowledge Base Article

AirLink RV50 Setup Guide

Link to Knowledge Base Article



SMS Notification Profile

Watch the Video

Create an SMS Notification Profile

- 1. Go to the **Config** section of the <u>Gateway</u> Webpage
- 2. Scroll down to Alarming > Notification from the menu on the left.



3. On the Alarm Notification Profiles page, click on Create new Alarm Notification Profile.

4. Select the SMS Notification profile type and click Next.

| Email Notification | n |
|---|---|
| Send alarm notifica | tions via email. |
| O Remote Gateway | Notification |
| | ication using notification profiles of a remote gateway. Will also expose the note gateway directly to tags. |
| O Simple One-way | Email Notification |
| Send alarm notifica given priority range | tions via email to users in a user source. Listens for active alarms within a . |
| SMS Notification | |
| Send alarm notifica | tions via SMS using your Airlink device. |
| O Twilio SMS Notifi | cation |
| Send SMS alarm no | tifications via a Twilio account. |
| O VOIP Voice Notifi | cation |
| Telephone notificat | ion using VOIP, compatible with most SIP based telephony systems. |

- 5. Set the following settings concerning your device, and then click on **Create New Alarm** Notification Profile.
 - Name: SMS
 - Description: optional
 - Enabled box: Click to Enable SMS notifications.
 - Airlink Host Address: The IP address of the airlink modem.
 - Send Port: The default port is 17341, which is configured in the device.
 - **Receive Port**: The default port is 17342, which is the port used by Ignition when two-way messaging is enabled. The port must not already be used by the host system, and must not be blocked by a firewall.
 - **Two-way Enabled**: If enabled, the message recipients will receive a text message notifying them of an alarm, and a link to acknowledge the alarm. This is communicated to Ignition via UDP data sent from the modem. Therefore, the Airlink modem must be configured with the IP address of the system.
 - Numeric Only Ack Code If this is true, the ack code sent with the SMS message will be a numeric code instead of an alphanumeric code.
 - Audit Profile If an audit profile is selected, events such as SMS messages and acknowledgements will be stored to the audit system.
 - Once all the settings are entered, click the **Create New Alarm Notification Profile** button.

| Main | |
|--------------------------|--|
| Name | SMS |
| Description | |
| Enabled | Ø (default true) |
| | |
| SMS Settings | |
| Airlink Host Address | 00000000 |
| Send Port | 17341 (default: 17,341) |
| Receive Port | 17342 (Advati: 17,942) |
| Two-way Enabled | edefault: failed |
| Numeric Only Ack Code | (default failed) |
| Auditing | |
| Audit Profile | none rone fan audit profile is selected, events such as SMS messages and acknowledgements will be stored to the audit system. Note that acknowledgements are also stored or the alarm journal. |

Once you have the SMS Notification profile set up, you can add phone numbers to your contacts using the **SMS** Contact type. SMS notifications can also be sent with the Twilio Mod ule.

SMS Notification Profile Settings

The following table describes the settings on the Alarm Notification Profiles page for a Twilio \underline{SMS} Notification profile.

| Setting | Description |
|-----------------------|---|
| Main | |
| Name | Name for this <u>alarm</u> notification profile. |
| Description | Description of the profile. |
| Enabled | Whether the profile is enabled or disabled. |
| SMS Settings | |
| Airlink Host address | Enter the Airlink host address for this profile. |
| Send Port | The send port. (Default is 17,341.) |
| Receive Port | The receive port. (Default is 17,342.) |
| Two-Way Enabled | Whether or not two-way SMS is enabled.(Default is false.) |
| Numeric Only Ack Code | Whether to accept only numeric ack codes. (Default is false.) |
| Auditing | |
| Auditing Profile | Select an audit profile from the dropdown list. |

Related Topics ...

- Twilio Module
- Voice Notification Profile
- Alarm Notification Pipelines

Twilio SMS Notification

SMS notifications can also be sent with the Twilio Alarm Notification module. This does not require a cellular modem, but the Gateway must have Internet access, and a Twilio account with SMS capabilities must be created (www.twilio.com). Once created, the account must be defined in Ignition.

The Twilio module is dependent on the Alarm Notification module. You must have both modules installed to send alarms.

Define a Twilio Account

⁄!∖

- 1. Navigate to the Config section of the Gateway Webpage.
- 2. Scroll down and choose Twilio > Accounts.



3. On the Twilio Accounts page, click the Create new Twilio Account link.

| Config > Twilio > Twilio Accounts | | |
|-----------------------------------|--------|--|
| | | |
| Name | Status | |
| No Twilio Accounts | | |
| → Create new Twilio Account | | |
| | | |

4. Provide a Name for the account as well as the Twilio Account Sid, and Twilio Auth Token

Both the Account SID and Auth Token can be retrieved from the Account Settings menu in Twilio.

- If desired, provide the **Public Hostname**. This is the hostname or IP address that inbound requests will be forwarded. If the users should be able to acknowledge alarms by responding to the SMS messages, then this property should list a publicly reachable hostname or IP address.
- 6. Click the Create New Twilio Account button.

Once the account has been defined, a Twilio SMS notification profile must also be created.

On this page ... Define a Twilio Account • Twillio Accounts Settings • Create a Twilio SMS Notification Profile • Twilio SMS Notification Profile Settings

AirLink LS300 Setup Guide

Link to Knowledge Base Article

AirLink RV50 Setup Guide

Link to Knowledge Base Article

Twillio Accounts Settings

The following table describes the settings on the Twilio Accounts page.

| Setting | Description |
|-----------------------|--|
| Twilio | |
| Name | Name for the Twilio Account. |
| Twilio Account Sid | Twilio account Sid: retrieve from the Account Settings menu in Twilio. (Required.) |
| Twilio Auth Token | Twilio auth token: retrieve from the Account Settings menu in Twilio. (Required.) |
| Inbound | |
| Public Hostname | The publicly reachable hostname or IP address that is configured to forward inbound requests to this Ignition gateway. This must be configured in order to receive inbound SMS. Leave blank if inbound SMS are not needed. |

| Public Port | The port on the Public Hostname to make the connection to. Default is 80. |
|----------------------------------|---|
| Backup Public Hostname | The publicly reachable hostname or IP address that is used when the backup of a redundant pair becomes active. |
| Backup Public Port | The port on the Public Hostname to make the connection to that is used when the backup of a redundant pair becomes active. Default is 80. |
| HTTPS Enabled | True if the callback URL should use HTTPS instead of HTTP. Default is false. |
| Inbound Validation Enabled | Cryptographically validate that inbound requests over HTTPS are from Twilio. Default is false. |

Create a Twilio SMS Notification Profile

- 1. Go to the **Config** section of the Gateway Webpage.
- 2. Scroll down and select Alarming > Notification from the menu on the left side.



- 3. Click on the Create new Alarm Notification Profile link.
- 4. Select the Twilio SMS Notification profile type, and click Next.

| | g → Alarming → Alarm Notification Profiles |
|---|--|
| 6 | Email Notification |
| | Send alarm notifications via email. |
| (| Remote Gateway Notification |
| | Enables alarm notification using notification profiles of a remote gateway. Will also expose the pipelines of the remote gateway dire tags. |
| (| Simple One-way Email Notification |
| | Send alarm notifications via email to users in a user source. Listens for active alarms within a given priority range. |
| (| SMS Notification |
| • | Send alarm notifications via SMS using your Airlink device. |
| (| Twilio SMS Notification |
| | Send SMS alarm notifications via a Twilio account. |
| (| VOIP Voice Notification |
| 1 | Telephone notification using VOIP, compatible with most SIP based telephony systems. |
| | Next> |

- 5. Provide a name for the profile, and select a **Twilio Account** from the dropdown.
- 6. Set the other profile settings as desired. (See table below for a description of all settings.)
- 7. Click Create New Alarm Notification Profile.

Twilio SMS Notification Profile Settings

The following table describes the settings on the Alarm Notification Profiles page for a Twilio SMS Notification profile.

| Setting | Description |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Name | Name for this alarm notification profile. |
| Description | Description of the profile. |
| Enabled | Whether the profile is enabled or disabled. |
| Twilio Account | Select a Twilio account from the dropdown list. |
| Acknowledgem ent Allowed | Enables users to respond to notifications directly from the SMS message; also known as Two-Way notification . If enabled, the Public Hostname property in the Twilio Account must be configured. |
| Auditing Profile | Select an audit profile from the dropdown list. |

(i) Once your Notification profile is created, you can use it in an Alarm Pipeline.

Related Topics ...

- Voice Notification ProfileAlarm Notification Pipelines

Voice Notification Profile

For the Voice Notification Module to work, a compatible Voice Module must also be installed.

The Voice Notification Module adds the ability to deliver alarm notifications to users via telephone, using most SIP compatible phone system, excluding those requiring Cnonce. Messages are constructed in text and are delivered through a high quality text-to-speech engine. The engine supports multiple voices and languages.

Core Features

Deliver voice calls through any SIP compatible phone system. No dedicated hardware required. Messages generated by high-quality text to speech, and not a canned set of prerecorded files.

- Supports multiple languages concurrently, based on user preference.
- Allows users to acknowledge events.
- Supports requiring a personal identification number for additional security.
- Ties into the audit log to audit call events, successful message delivery, and user acknowledgements.
- Supports message consolidation.

Voice Notification Configuration

About SIP and VOIP

The Session Initiation Protocol, is a highly popular specification for implementing Voice Over IP (VOIP) based phone systems. The protocol itself, as the name suggests, is responsible for initiating communication sessions, and then other protocols such as SDP and RTP are used to actually transfer voice data. Ignition has these protocols built in, SIP is a peer-to-peer protocol, where one side talks directly to the other. However, it is possible to have Gateways that repeat and route data between the two parties. Sometimes phone calls on VOIP networks stay purely in software, but often a Gateway will transition the call to a traditional phone line.

By leveraging SIP, Ignition can call physical phones, soft phones, be worked into more complex PBX schemes, while avoiding the high cost of traditional, dedicated voice cards. To get started, though, you'll need some sort of SIP Gateway. Asterisk is a popular, open source, system that is used by thousands of companies worldwide. If you simply want to connect to a phone line, there are several low cost devices that runs Asterisk.

Gateway Configuration

To get started with voice notification, add a new profile by going to **Config-> Alarming -> Notification** in the Ignition Gateway. You are only required to specify the host address of the SIP gateway, though depending on the Gateway, you may be required to enter a username and password.

There are additional settings that dictate how calls are managed, such as timeouts for answering, and the maximum amount of time that a call can take. Additionally, you can choose to link the notification profile to an audit profile in order to record important call lifecycle events.

After saving the profile, you should see the status update from "Unknown" to "Registered", indicating that the Gateway has successfully registered with the SIP Gateway. If you see an error, verify that the settings are correct, and that the username and password are correct. The system log console can also be useful in determining what is wrong.

If you receive errors indicating that an "invalid parameter" has been used, try setting the local and public bind interface settings under the advanced options. These should be set to the IP address of the network card that is being used to communicate with the SIP Gateway. On some systems, especially Linux hosts, the default empty values result in this error.

On this page ... • Core Features • Voice Notification Configuration

- About SIP and VOIP
- Gateway
- ConfigurationConfiguring
- Messages
- The Call Lifecycle
- Pipeline
- Configuration Create a Voice
- Notification ProfileVOIP Voice
 - Notification Profile Settings



Voice Notification Profile

Watch the Video

⚠

Using Skype

If you don't have an existing VOIP system in place, using a hosted service is the quickest way to get going with the voice notification module. Skype offers SIP based service through their Skype Connect product. To get started, you must have a business account, which provides you access to the Skype Manager. From there, you can create a new Skype Connect channel. For more information, visit http://manager.skype.com.

Once you have created a Skype Connect channel, configuration in the Gateway is similar to that of any other PBX system. The host will be "si p.skype.com", and the user name and password will be those provided by skype during the registration process. Note: while skype allows to you specify how many "channels" may be used, Ignition currently only supports one channel at a time.

Configuring Messages

The message played to the user during the phone calls is defined in the call script. The script dictates the overall structure of the call, defining the phrases and options, and the possible responses. The messages for each alarm are built off of a message template that can reference properties in the alarm. The script can be edited by selecting "manage scripts" next to the voice notification profile. Note: Although the link appears next to a particular profile, the scripts are shared across all voice notification profiles.

The role of each phrase in the script is explained on the settings page. Some parts of the script, such as the phrase requesting the user's PIN number, will only be used if certain settings are configured on the notification block in the pipeline (in this case, the setting to require a PIN). As previously mentioned, the alarm message (for both active and clear) can reference any property of the alarm. The default message looks like this:

At {eventTime|hh:mm:ss}, alarm named {name} became {eventState} with a value of {eventValue}

In this case, the message refers to the alarm name, the eventState and eventValue (note: eventState is different than state. Event state is just the transition that triggered the alarm, such as "active", whereas "state" is the full current state, such as "active, unacknowledged"), and the eventTime. Notice that the event time is formatted to only use the time, and not include the current date.

Scripts can be created for different languages. When the system attempts to deliver a notification, it will look to see if the target user has a preferred language. If so, and the language has both a script defined, and a compatible voice installed, the user will be notified in that language.

Alarms also allow you to define a custom message, relevant to that particular state. If a custom message is defined, it will be used instead of the default message in the script.

The Call Lifecycle

A call is initiated when an alarm event enters the notification profile block in a pipeline. When this occurs, the target users are collected, based on the defined call roster, and the current schedule. Only users who have phone contact details defined will be selected for phone notification.

The voice system can only call one number at a time, and so it takes the first contact off of the queue and initiates the call. The user is given up to the "answer timeout" to answer. After picking up, the user will be asked to enter their pin number, or press any number to continue. The call is not considered "answered" until this action occurs, so the message will be repeated until the answer timeout expires. By acting in this way, the system is able to confirm that a human has actually answered, and the call will then be audited as successful.

Once past the initial challenge, the user will then hear the alarm messages. After each message, they will be asked to either acknowledge, ignore, or repeat the message. Selecting "acknowledge" will cause the alarm to be acknowledged in the alarming system, likely causing it to drop out of the alarm pipeline (dependant on pipeline settings). Ignoring the alarm indicates that the user has heard the message, but cannot or does not want to acknowledge the alarm.

Once the call has completed, the notification system will check the alarm events against the pipeline fallout conditions, and move on to the next call. The system will cycle through all alarms and all contacts (and all phone numbers for each contact) until everyone has been notified, or the pipeline settings have caused all events to drop out.

Pipeline Configuration

The voice notification system is accessed through the Notification Block in the Designer's pipeline configuration, like all other notification methods. As with other methods, you select a call roster, and can optionally turn on consolidation. There are only two options which can be set on the notification block:

Require PIN: If selected, the user will be required to enter their personal identification number in order to hear the message. The user's PIN number is specified on their profile in the user management system. If false, or if the user does not have a PIN specified, the user will only be required to press any key to continue.

Allow Acknowledgement: If true, the user will be given the opportunity to acknowledge the alarm. If false, they will only be able to hear the alarm and continue.

Create a Voice Notification Profile

- Go to the Config section of the Gateway.
 Select Alarming > Notification from the menu on the left side.

| ALARMING | |
|-----------------|--|
| General | |
| Journal | |
| Notification | |
| On-Call Rosters | |
| Schedules | |

3. Click on the Create new Alarm Notification Profile link.

| Name Description Enabled Type Status Email Notifications true Email Notification Running deleter | |
|--|--------|
| Email Notifications true Email Notification Running dele | |
| | e edit |
| SMS true SMS Notification Unknown dele | e edit |

4. Add Alarm Notification Profile Step 1 window will appear. Select the VOIP Voice Notification radio button and click Next.

| 0 | Email Notification | |
|----|--|------|
| Se | end alarm notifications via email. | |
| 0 | Remote Gateway Notification | |
| | nables alarm notification using notification profiles of a remote gateway. Will also expose the pip ne remote gateway directly to tags. | elir |
| 0 | Simple One-way Email Notification | |
| | end alarm notifications via email to users in a user source. Listens for active alarms within a given ange. | ז pr |
| 0 | SMS Notification | |
| Se | end alarm notifications via SMS using your Airlink device. | |
| 0 | Twilio SMS Notification | |
| Se | end SMS alarm notifications via a Twilio account. | |
| 0 | VOIP Voice Notification | |
| - | elephone notification using VOIP, compatible with most SIP based telephony systems. | |

- 5. On the New Alarm Notification Profile page, configure your settings. Enter the Gateway Address or domain name of your SIP Gateway. You may be required to enter a username and password. There are also some additional call settings that may need to be setup depending on how you want to manage your calls, and based on your preference. Refer to the table below for a description of all settings.
- 6. When completed, click Create the New Alarm Notification Profile. Your new Voice Notification Profile will be displayed with a status of Registered with VOIP Host.

| nfig > Alarming > Alar | m Notificatio | on Profiles | i | | | |
|---|---------------|-------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|--------|------|
| Name | Description | Enabled | Туре | Status | | |
| Email Notifications | ; | true | Email Notification | Running | delete | edit |
| SMS | | true | SMS Notification | Unknown | delete | edit |
| Voice | | true | VOIP Voice Notification | Registered with VOIP Host | More 🔫 | edit |
| → Create new Alarr → Test Pipelines an | | n Profile | | Registered with VOIP Host | More 🔻 | edi |

VOIP Voice Notification Profile Settings

The following table describes the settings on the Alarm Notification Profiles page for a VOIP Voice Notification profile.

| Setting | Description | |
|-------------|--|--|
| Main | | |
| Name | Name for this <u>alarm</u> notification profile. | |
| Description | Description of the profile. | |
| Enabled | Whether the profile is enabled or disabled. | |
| | | |

| VOIP Gateway Settin | gs |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Gateway address | The ip address or domain name of your SIP gateway. |
| Username/Account | User or account name for this profile. |
| Password | Enter a password for the account. |
| Password | Re-enter password for verification. |
| Outbound Proxy | The proxy to use, if any. |
| Call Settings | |
| Max Call Duration (minutes) | The length of time, in minutes, that any particular call is allowed to take. The call will be terminated if it lasts longer than this limit. (Default is 5.) |
| Answer Timeout (seconds) | How long, in seconds, to wait for an answer before moving on to the next contact. (Default is 60.) |
| Voice Rate | Adjusts the desired voice rate. (Default is Normal.) |
| Auditing | |
| Auditing | If an audit profile is selected, events such as phone calls and acknowledgements will be stored to the audit system. Note that alarm acknowledgements are also stored to the alarm journal |
| Advanced Settings | |
| Authorization Id | Some services require a separate authorization name, in addition to the user/account name. If left blank, the username specified above will be used. |
| SIP Port | SIP Port. (Default is 5,060.) |
| RTP Port | RTP Port. (Default is 8,000.) |
| Local Bind Address | Local bind address for the profile. |
| Public Bind Address | Public bind address for the profile. |
| Media Debug Enabled | If true, call audio will be recorded to the Ignition temp directory. (Default is false.) |

() Once your Notification profile is created, you can use it in an Alarm Pipeline.

Related Topics ...

- Notification Contact InfoAlarm Notification Pipelines

In This Section ...

Notification Security PIN

You can force an operator to enter a personal identification number (PIN) in order to hear a Voice alarm notification message. It's a good idea to validate that the person who is receiving the voice alarm is the correct person by requiring a PIN.

When alarms are sent out via voice, you typically want an operator to acknowledge the alarm by pressing '1' on their phone. Requiring a PIN also prevents other people who might be sharing a phone from acknowledging important alarms.

It is easy to setup Security PINs in Ignition in a couple simple steps. First, a PIN number will need to be created in each user's profile to listen to Voice messages. The second step is to configure the Voice.

| On this page |
|--|
| User Profile Voice Notification Profile |

User Profile

Let's begin by configuring a Security PIN for each user that will be receiving a voice message and acknowledging SMS alarm messages.

- 1. Go to the **Config** section of the <u>Gateway</u> Webpage.
- 2. Scroll down to Security > Users, Roles from the menu on the left.
- 3. Under default user source, select the manage users link.

| Config > Security > U | lser Source | 25 | |
|---|-------------|---|-------------------|
| | | | |
| Name | Туре | Description | |
| default | Internal | This is the default and always present internal authentication profile. | manage users edit |
| opcua-module | Internal | OPC UA clients will authenticate against this profile by default. | More 🗸 🚽 edit |
| → Create new U → Verify a User 5 | | e | |

4. Here you will see list of all your users. For every user that is using Voice and/or SMS alarm notifications, you will need to edit their user profile to create a PIN. Select the **Edit** link for one of your users.

| Users Ro | les | | | |
|--------------|------------------------------------|--|----------|----------------|
| Username Nan | ne Roles | Contact Info | Schedule | 2 |
| admin | Administrator, Operator | email: admin@mycompany.com, phone: 555-555-5555 | Always | Edit Delete |
| Bob | Driver | email: bob@mycompany.com | Always | Edit Delete |
| guest | Operator | | Always | Edit Delete |
| Sal | Administrator, Driver, Operator | | Always | Edit Delete |

- 5. The user profile screen will open. Scroll down to the bottom of the screen, and verify that the contact information for Email and Phone is up-to-date.
- 6. Create a Security Pin, and press Save Changes.

Now, this PIN is associated with this user.

| Contact Info | | |
|-----------------|---------------------|------------------------|
| Туре | Value | \odot |
| E-Mail | admin@mycompany.com | Up / Down Delete |
| Phone | 555-555-5555 | Up / Down Delete |
| Add Contact Inf | 0 | |
| Extended Pro | perties | |
| Security PIN | 8765432 | |

Voice Notification Profile

The next step is to configure the Voice Notification Profile to require a PIN.

1. In the Designer, go to your Alarm Notification Pipelines and open your pipeline. This example uses the Basic Email pipeline.
- 2. Select the Notification Block in the workspace.
- 3. Click on the Notification tab, and choose Voice.
- 4. You'll see several settings for Voice. Set the Required PIN to True.

Now, when the operator receives a call, they will have to type in their PIN number followed by the pound sign to hear the message.



Related Topics ...

• Voice Notification Scripts

Voice Notification Scripts

Voice Languages Overview

When alarm events happen, Ignition uses the Voice Notification Module and the voice language modules to send alarm messages. The Voice Notification Module supports making calls using male and female voices in multiple languages. The language modules (i.e., English, Spanish, Italian, etc.) contain the text to speech engine that is specific for that language and gender.

You can download these modules from Inductive Automation's Downloads page on the website, and install them in your Gateway.

| (| On this page |
|---|---|
| • | Voice Languages Overview Modifying a Voice Notification Script |

| tal Us 1-800-266-7798 Schedule a Demo inductive automation. | Product | Pricing | Resources | Partners | Support | About | Q L I |
|---|---------|----------------|-------------------------|-----------|---------|------------|----------------|
| | | | oad Ignit systems ar | | | | |
| Ignition | | | ion Archive | u version | | igic Partn | er Modules |
| • | | lgni 8.0.10 | tion Version: STABLE | • | | | |
| Notification | | | Ver | ion | | | Checksum |
| Alarm Notification Module (810KB) | | | 5.0 | 10 | | | <u>sha-256</u> |
| SMS Notification Module (197KB) | | | 5.0 | 10 | | | <u>sha-256</u> |
| Twilio Notification Module (8MB) | | | 2.0 | 10 | | | sha-256 |
| | | | | | | | |

The following table shows a list of the current Text-to-Speech voices that you can download after you have the Voice Notification Module installed. To download Text-to-Speech voices, go to the Knowledge Base article on Voice Notification Downloads where you can also find some good information.

| Voices | Languages |
|-----------|-----------|
| Katherine | English |
| Laura | Italian |
| Sara | Spanish |
| Suzanne | French |
| Alex | German |

Once you installed the voice modules, you can configure the voice scripts for any language in the voice notification module. For example, you may want to have a different script that gets sent out when you're calling someone in English verses someone that you're calling in Spanish.

Important!

When we refer to a "script" on this page, we are talking about a speech or a dialog for Ignition to read to your users over the phone. These scripts have nothing to do with the scripting language (Python) that you write code with.

Modifying a Voice Notification Script

From Voice Notification Profiles page, you can manage your voice scripts. Two examples are provided here; one in English, and the other in Spanish.

1. Go to your Gateway Config page, and select Alarming > Notification. To the right of the Voice Notification Profile, click on the man age scripts link.

| nfig > Alarming > Al a | rm Notification Pr | ofiles | | | |
|-------------------------------|--------------------|---------|-------------------------|---------------------------|----------------|
| Name | Description | Enabled | Туре | Status | |
| Email Notification | s | true | Email Notification | Running | delete edit |
| Test | | true | Email Notification | Running | delete edit |
| Voice | | true | VOIP Voice Notification | Registered with VOIP Host | More 👻 edit |
| → Create new Alar | m Notification Pr | ofile | | | manage scripts |
| → Test Pipelines a | nd Notification Pi | rofiles | | | delete |

2. Here you can manage all the scripts for every language, and can even create new scripts. The languages that come with Ignition are English, Italian, French, and Spanish. There are a host of other languages that Ignition supports. For this example, click on the **edit** link for the **English** language.

| Config > Alarming > Alar | m Notification Profiles | |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|-------------|
| Language | Country | |
| English | General | edit |
| Italian | General | delete edit |
| French | General | delete edit |
| Spanish | General | delete edit |
| → Create new scrip | t | |
| | | |

 Default voice scripts are the same in all supported languages. This is the default script for English. It consists of a number of little scripts. Each script is what the recipient of the call will hear over the phone. These are instructions informing the recipient of one or more the alarm(s) depending on how the alarm notification is configured.

When you receive a voice notification, you will hear each script or instruction one at a time. For example, the first script you will hear is "Hello this is an Ignition alarm notification" which, of course, is the greeting. It will then go through each script and inform the recipient of the alarm name, date and time of the alarm, alarm status, and how to acknowledge the alarm. You can edit this default script to your requirements. When you're finished editing, click **Save Changes**.

| | | lowing feature is new in Ignition version 8 ere to check out the other new features | 3.0.2 |
|--|--|---|-------|
|--|--|---|-------|

New in 8.0.2, You can stop any of these Call Scripts from being read by removing all text in that field.

| Main | |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Language | English (General) v (default: en) |
| Call Script | |
| Greeting | Hello, this is an Ignition alarm notification. |
| PIN Challenge | Please enter your pin, followed by the pound sign. A message asking the user to enter their PIN number. Must instruct them to press '#' when finished. |
| Non-PIN Challenge | Please press any key to continue. When a PIN is not required, this message is played to instruct the users to press any key to continue. |
| Invalid PIN | Invalid pin number. |
| Summary | There are %d events. When there are multiple alarms, this message will be played to tell the user how many to expect. It must include the placeholder '%d' somewhere in the message. |
| Active Message | At (eventTime hh:mm:ss), alarm named {name} became {eventState} with a value of {eventValue} The message to play for active alarms. This message can reference properties of alarms by using syntax like " {propertyName}". |
| Clear Message | At {eventTime hh:mm:ss}, alarm named {name} became {eventState} with a value of {eventValue} The message to play for cleared alarms. This message can reference properties of alarms by using syntax like " {propertyName}". |
| Option 1: Acknowledge | Press 1 to acknowledge Tells the user to press '1' to acknowledge. |
| Acknowledge Confirmation | Alarm has been acknowledged. Tells the user that the alarm event has been successfully acknowledged. |
| Option 2: Ignore | Press 2 to ignore Tells the user to press '2' to ignore/bypass the alarm. |
| Ignore Confirmation | Alarm has been ignored. |
| Option 3: Repeat | Press 3 to repeat Tells the user to press '3' to repeat the last message. |
| Closing | Thank you, goodbye. |

4. Here is an example of the some of the default scripts in Spanish. Once again, you can edit the scripts to your requirements. When editing is complete, click **Save Changes**.

| Main | |
|----------------------|--|
| Language | Spanish (General) v (default: en) |
| Call Script | |
| Greeting | Hola esta es una notificación de alarma. |
| PIN Challenge | Por favor, introduzca su número de PIN seguido de la tecla numeral. A message asking the user to enter their PIN number. Must instruct them to press '#' when finished. |
| Non-PIN Challenge | Presione cualquier número para continuar. When a PIN is not required, this message is played to instruct the users to press any key to continue. |
| Invalid PIN | Ese número PIN es incorrecto. |
| Summary | Hay %d alarmas. When there are multiple alarms, this message will be played to tell the user how many to expect. It must include the placeholder %d' somewhere in the message. |

You can attach a different script for any language that Ignition supports depending on the user, and whatever that user is setup to do. So, if the script is in Spanish, the user will receive the voice notification in Spanish assuming the Spanish voice module is installed in Ignition.

5. Once you have the appropriate voice module and language module(s) installed, go to Security > Users, Roles. Select the manage users link for the default user source.

| Con | fig > Security > U | ser Sourc | es | |
|-----|--------------------|-----------|---|-------------------|
| | | | | |
| | Name | Туре | Description | |
| | default | Internal | This is the default and always present internal authentication profile. | manage users edit |
| | opcua-module | Internal | OPC UA clients will authenticate against this profile by default. | More 👻 edit |
| | → Create new U | ser Sourc | e | |
| | → Verify a User S | Source | | |
| | | | | |

6. You can edit every single user, and put each user into a different language, as long as the language that you select for each user has the voice module for the language installed. In this example, let's edit a user named Sal. Put Sal into the Spanish language. If the voice module is installed for the Spanish language, Ignition will automatically choose the Spanish script.

| Users Role | 1S | |
|------------------------|---|--|
| | azərbaycan (tatın, Azərbaycan) | |
| | bamanakan | |
| User Properties | bamanakan (Mali) | |
| | bosanski bosanski (latinica) | |
| Username | bosanski (latinica) bosanski (latinica, Bosna i Hercegovina) | |
| | brezhoneg | |
| | brezhoneg (Frañs) | |
| Change Password? | català | |
| Passwordr | català (Andorra) | |
| | català (Espanya) | |
| Password | català (Espanya, valencià) | |
| | català (França) | |
| | català (Itàlia) | |
| Password | chiShona | |
| Fassword | chiShona (Zimbabwe) | |
| | dansk | |
| | dansk (Danmark) | |
| First Name | dansk (Grønland) | |
| | davvisámegiella | |
| Last Name | davvisámegiella (Norga) | |
| Last Name | davvisámegiella (Ruotta) | |
| | davvisámegiella (Suopma) dolnoserbšćina | |
| Roles | dolnoserbšćina (Nimska) | |
| Rotes | duálá | |
| | duala duala (Cameroun) | |
| Schedule | eesti | |
| Scheute | eesti (Eesti) | |
| | español | |

Now when the alarm notification is received, the voice message will be in Spanish. You can also change a user's language preferences from the User Management component.

Registering Voice Alarm Module to CUCM

Cisco Unified Communications Manager (CUCM) is a communication system, that can work in tandem with Ignition's Voice Notification module. This page demonstrates how to register the Voice Notification module with CUCM.

To register Ignition, you will need to register by creating a third-party Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) device. Do not register Ignition via SIP trunk.

Also note if you have created an SIP trunk already to your Ignition server, you will have a conflict with your third-party SIP device not registering to Ignition.

1. In CUCM, Under User Management, select End User then click Add New.

| (03)) | Call Routing Media Res | sources - Advanced Features - Devic | ce 👻 Application 👻 User Manage | ment Bulk Administration |
|-------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Find and L | ist Users | | | 4 |
| Add Ne | ew 🔛 Select All 🔛 | Clear All 🙀 Delete Selected | | |
| Status | | | | |
| 1 reco | ords found | | | |
| | | | | |
| User (1 | (-1 of 1) | 2 | | |
| Find User v | vhere User ID | begins with 🔻 1077 | Find Clear F | ilter 🕂 👄 |
| | User ID * | Meeting Number | First Name | Last Name |
| | <u>1077</u> | 1077 | 107 | 7 |
| | | | | |
| Add New | Select All Clear All | Delete Selected | | |

2. Create a user with digest credentials.

A Use the extension as the username. Ignition will not register to third-party SIP if you are using regular characters.

| CISCO For Cisco Unified Comm | | |
|------------------------------------|--|------------------------------|
| System 👻 Call Routing 👻 Media Reso | urces Advanced Features Device Application User Ma | nagement 👻 Bulk Administrati |
| nd User Configuration | | |
| | | |
| 🔜 Save 🗙 Delete 🖧 Add New | | |
| Status | | |
| Status: Ready | | |
| Status: Ready | | |
| User Information | | |
| User Status | Enabled Log Line | |
| User ID* | 1077 | |
| Password | ••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••• | Edit Credential |
| Confirm Password | •••••• | |
| Self-Service User ID | 1077 | |
| PIN | •••••• | Edit Credential |
| Confirm PIN | ••••• | |
| Last name * | 1077 | |
| Middle name | | |
| First name | | |
| Display name | | |
| Title | | |
| Directory URI | | |
| Telephone Number | | |
| Home Number | | |
| Mobile Number | | |
| Pager Number | | |
| Mail ID | | |
| Manager User ID | | |
| Department | | |
| User Locale | English, United States | 7 |
| Associated PC/Site Code | | - |
| Digest Credentials | ••••••• | |
| Confirm Digest Credentials | ••••••• | |
| User Profile | Use System Default("Standard (Factory Default) Us | View Details |

3. Under Device, select Phone then click Add New.

| cisco | Cisco Unified CM For Cisco Unified Commun | | ion | | | |
|------------------|--|----------------------|---------------|-------------------|---------------|----------------|
| System 👻 🤇 | Call Routing 👻 Media Resourc | ces 👻 Advanced Featu | ires 👻 Device | - Application - | User Mana | agement 👻 Bulk |
| Find and Li | st Phones | | | | | |
| Add Nev | W Belect All Clea | r All 🙀 Delete Selec | ted 🎦 Reset | S. octed 🖉 Ap | oply Config t | o Selected |
| Status 551 re | cords found | | | 0 | | |
| Phone (| 1 - 50 of 551) | | | | | |
| Find Phone | where Device Name | ▼ begins v | vith 🔻 | | Find | Clear Filter |
| | | | Select i | tem or enter sear | ch text 🔻 | |
| 0 | | | | | | |

4. Select Third-party SIP Device (Basic) as your phone type.

| lem | Media Resources Advanced Features | ▼ Device ▼ | Application - | User Management 👻 |
|------------------------|------------------------------------|------------|---------------|-------------------|
| a New Phone | | | | |
| Next | | | | |
| itus | | | | |
| Status: Ready | | | | |
| | | | | |
| eate a phone using the | e phone type or a phone ter ate- | | | |
| | Third-party SIP Device (Basic) | | T | |
| Phone Type* | Third-party SIP Device (Basic) | | | |
| | | | | |
| Phone Type* | | | v | |
|) BAT Phone Template* | | | T | |
| | | | Ŧ | |

5. For phone configuration, configure everything as usual. For digest user, use the end user you created at the start.

You do not need an actually mac address (You can use 00000000000). Also you do not need an owner user ID. You would only need a digest user to register Ignition to CUCM.

| | ed CM Administration | | |
|---|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| System → Call Routing → Medi | a Resources 👻 Advanced Features 👻 D | evice 👻 Application | ✓ User Management ✓ Bull |
| Phone Configuration | | | |
| Save | | | |
| Calling Party Transformation | CSS <pre>CSS </pre> arty Transformation CSS (Device Mobility | ▼ Related Information |] n) |
| Protocol Specific Information | on | | |
| BLF Presence Group* | Standard Presence group | • | |
| MTP Preferred Originating Cod | ec* 711ulaw | | |
| Device Security Profile* | Not Selected | • | |
| Rerouting Calling Search Spac | e < None > | • | |
| SUBSCRIBE Calling Search Sp | <pre>ace < None ></pre> | • | |
| SIP Profile* | < None > | • | View Details |
| Digest User | < None > | T | Find |
| Media Termination Point Re Unattended Port Require DTMF Reception | quired | | |
| MLPP and Confidential Acce | ss Level Information | | |
| | one > | • | |
| Confidential Access Mode < N | | • | |
| Confidential Access Level < N | one > | • | |
| Save | | | |

6. For line configuration, configure how you would usually configure a line.

Related Topics ...

Voice Notification Scripts

Remote Gateway Notification

The Remote Alarm Provider offers several ways to utilize the alarm notification capabilities of a remote Ignition Gateway. Alarms can be sent through a central Gateway, with full support for remote acknowledgement delivery. This means that you can manage your Email, SMS, and Voice equipment in a central location, and provide those services to a multitude of Gateways.

After configuring a remote provider, the Ignition Gateway will automatically expose the alarm pipelines configured on the remote system. Tags can then target those pipelines directly, with no further configuration required. Alternatively, custom pipelines can be created, and can utilize the remote notification profile through the Notification block, thus expanding the already significant power of alarm pipelines to include the notification capabilities of other Gateways.

The Remote Alarm Provider is provided by the Alarm Notification Module, which must be present on all Gateways involved. However, notification modules, such as SMS and Voice, only need to be present on the Gateways that are ultimately executing the notification.

(i) Remote Gateway must be on same Gateway network

In order to use the alarm notification capabilities of a remote Ignition Gateway, your Gateway and the Gateway you want to connect to must be connected to the same Gateway network.

Enabling remote alarm notifications is easy. There are just a few steps to follow to establish your connection to the designated Gateway, expose the pipelines that are part of that Gateway, and to configure your Tag(s), thus, enabling the alarm notification.



Connect to a Remote Gateway and Select a Profile

- 1. Go to the **Config** section of the Gateway Webpage.
- 2. Scroll down and select Alarming > Notification.



- 3. Click Create new Alarm Notification Profile.
- 4. Select Remote Gateway Notification, and click Next.



Watch the Video

| 🔍 Ema | vil Notification |
|---------|---|
| Send al | arm notifications via email. |
| Rem | note Gateway Notification |
| | s alarm notification using notification profiles of a remote gateway. Will also expose the pipelines of the remote y directly to tags. |
| Sim | ple One-way Email Notification |
| Send al | arm notifications via email to users in a user source. Listens for active alarms within a given priority range. |
| SMS | Notification |
| Send al | arm notifications via SMS using your Airlink device. |
| O Twi | lio SMS Notification |
| Send SI | MS alarm notifications via a Twilio account. |
| | P Voice Notification |
| Telenho | one notification using VOIP, compatible with most SIP based telephony systems. |

5. All the known Gateways will be displayed. Choose from the list of available Gateways or you can setup a Gateway manually, then click **Next**.

| 🌣 Config | g > Alarming > Alarm Notification Profiles | |
|----------|--|--|
| | | |
| | | |
| | \bigcirc Known gateways appear here. If you do not see a gateway that you expect, please check the Gateway Network connection settings to verify that connections are valid. | |
| | Ignition-ubuntu Connection: 10.20.5.232:8088, State: Connected | |
| | Specify Gateway Name Manually | |
| | If the gateway is not currently available or displayed here, you can specify its name manually. | |
| | Next> | |

6. Once your Gateway is connected, Ignition exposes all the pipelines on that Gateway. Choose from the list of available Remote Notification Profiles, and click **Next**.

| EMail EMail | |
|---|------|
| Other Profile | |
| Manually specify remote alarm profile. | |
| Ne | xt > |

7. The new Remote Notification Profile window will appear. It will automatically show the name of your Gateway followed by the name of the remote Profile unless you are manually specifying a remote profile. There is a naming convention that is used when identifying the 'Name' of the New Remote Notification Profile. It is the Gateway Name followed by an underscore and the name of the Profile (i. e., Ignition-ubuntu_Email). Click **Create New Alarm Notification Profile**.

| Name | lgnition-ubuntu_EMail |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|
| Description | |
| Enabled | ✔ (default: true) |
| | - |
| Remote Gatew | ay |
| Gateway | Ignition-ubuntu |
| Notification Profile | EMail |

8. The Alarm Notification Profiles window will open showing all your alarm profiles including the one you just created.

| Config > Alarming > Alarm Notification Profiles | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------|---------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|----------|-----|--|
| | | | | | | | |
| Name | Description | Enabled | Туре | Status | | | |
| Email Notifications | | true | Email Notification | Running | delete | lit | |
| Ignition-ubuntu_EMail | | true | Remote Gateway Notification | Running | delete | lit | |
| Test | | true | Email Notification | Running | delete | lit | |
| Voice | | true | VOIP Voice Notification | Registered with VOIP Host | More 👻 🗨 | lit | |
| → Create new Alarm No | tification Prof | file | | | | | |
| → Test Pipelines and No | otification Pro | files | | | | | |
| - reser ipennes and re | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |

Enable the Remote Alarm Notification

The last steps are to select your Tag, add an alarm, and configure your alarm settings. If you already have an existing alarm, then all you need to do is go to your alarm configuration, and select the remote pipeline that you want to use for your alarm.

1. In the Designer, under the Tag Browser, double click on your Tag (i.e., WriteableFloat1) to open the Tag Editor.

| Tag B | row | ser | | |
|-------|-----|-------------------------|---------|--|
| Q | S | 📽 - 📕 🕹 🕘 🕞 🖽 - | | |
| | • | 💼 Random | | |
| | • | ReadOnly | | |
| | • | Realistic | | |
| | • | Sine | | |
| | - | 🗁 Writeable | | |
| | | WriteableBoolean1 OPC | Boolean | |
| | | WriteableBoolean2 OPC | Boolean | |
| | | WriteableDouble1 OPC 0 | Double | |
| | | WriteableDouble2 OPC 0 | Double | |
| | | WriteableFloat1 OPC 0 | Float | |
| | | WriteableFloat2 OPC 0 | Float | |
| | | WriteableInteger1 OPC 0 | Integer | |
| | | WriteableInteger2 OPC 0 | Integer | |

- In the Tag Editor, scroll down to Alarms and click the Edit icon .
 Select your alarm (i.e., Fault1). (If you don't have an alarm, then you'll need to add an alarm. (Refer to the section on Configuring) Alarms.)
- 4. Scroll down to the Notification area and under Active Pipeline, select the remote pipeline (i.e., Core/Complex Pipeline) that you want to use from the dropdown list.
- 5. Click Commit.

| arms | Fault1 | | |
|---------------------------------------|--|---|-------------|
| | Fault | | |
| unter Above Seeponie, ringh | Properties | | |
| ligh Alarm - Above Setpoint, Critical | 🗄 🏚 📼 📑 탄화 🕂 | <u> </u> | |
| ow Alarm - Below Setpoint, Medium | Deadband | | 0 👄 |
| | Deadband Mode | Absolute | |
| | Active delay (seconds) | | 0 👄 |
| | Clear delay (seconds) | | 0 🖘 |
| | Notification | | |
| | Ack Pipeline | | ▼ ⊖ |
| | Active Pipeline | Core/Complex Pipeline | ▼ ∈∋ |
| | Clear Pipeline | | ▼ ⊂∋ |
| | Phone Call Settings | | |
| | Custom Message | | e |
| | Email Notification Propertie | es | |
| | Custom Message | | e |
| | Custom Subject | | 0 |
| | SMS Notification Properties | • | |
| | Custom Message | | e |
| | Active Pipeline The pipeline that will be used to p | rocess active events generated by this alarm. | |

Now, you can even create new custom pipelines and use the remote notification profile through the Notification block, while expanding the significant power of alarm pipelines to include the notification capabilities of other Gateways sharing the same Gateway network.

Notification Modules need to be installed on the Gateway running the notification (i)

The appropriate Notification Modules such as SMS and/or Voice must be installed on the Gateways that are executing the alarm notification.



() Once your Notification profile is created, you can use it in an Alarm Pipeline.

Related Topics ...

• Alarm Notification Pipelines

Alarm Notification Pipelines

Alarm Notification Pipelines are logic diagrams that control how alarm notifications are sent out, including who they are sent to and when. They can be used to achieve many advanced alarming scenarios, such as delays, escalation, and parallel delivery. Pipelines provide an easy to use a drag and drop mechanism for creating complex notification scenarios.

Creating Pipelines

Before you create a pipeline in the Designer, you need to configure at least one alarm notification profile and at least one roster in the Gateway. Then in the Designer, you create the Pipelines under the **Global** node of the **Project Browser**. Alarm Pipelines, unlike other types of resources such as windows and Transaction Groups, are global resources, and are not part of a project. A defined pipeline runs in the Gateway, and you can see the same pipelines available to edit regardless of the project that is currently open. If you already have a Remote Gateway configured to support alarm notifications, you can expand the already significant power of alarm pipelines by also exposing alarm pipelines that are configured on the Remote Ignition Gateway system.





Alarm Pipeline Overview

Watch the Video

When you create a new pipeline, or select one to edit, the Designer Switches to the Pipeline Workspace. The workspace is a blank canvas on which you arrange and connect together various Pipeline Blocks. Each pipeline block has an input, and potentially has outputs. Using the mouse, you can draw connectors between the output of one block into the input of another. The START block, which you will see when you first create the pipeline, cannot be deleted and is the only fixed part of the workspace. It represents the entry point for alarm events into the pipeline, and is treated like an output block.



Multiple outputs can be connected to a single input. Also, it is perfectly acceptable to write the output of a downstream block back to the input of an earlier block, creating a loop. Of course, some care should be taken when doing this, as it can easily result in unexpected behavior, like sending out emails indefinitely for one event!

Understanding Pipelines and Events

Understanding how events flow through pipelines is crucial to leveraging them fully. Alarms are configured on individual Tags, and each alarm can specify a target pipeline for active and clear conditions. When the condition for that alarm is met a new alarm event is generated and sent to the entry point of the associated pipeline. The alarm event then moves through the different logical elements of the pipeline until it finally reaches a pipeline endpoint, or until the alarm matches the pipeline's dropout condition, upon which it then exits the pipeline. There can be multiple alarm events in a pipeline at any given point in time and you can view the current status of the pipeline from the Alarm Pipelines status screen in the Ignition Gateway. It is possible to forward events from one pipeline to another, making it possible to create multipurpose and reusable pipelines.

Each alarm event progresses sequentially through the blocks of a pipeline. However, multiple alarm events can exist in parallel in the pipeline, and new events may enter the pipeline at any time. Some block settings may result in alarm events being held up, such as consolidated notification, but one alarm event cannot affect other events in the pipeline. In this particular case, when multiple events will be collected together for notification, the events that don't drop out of the pipeline after notification are individually forwarded to the output of the block.

At every transition, and occasionally inside of the block execution as well, the dropout conditions will be evaluated. If the event no longer meets the conditions, it will drop out of the pipeline. It is crucial to understand how this works in order to understand pipeline execution. For example, a common scenario is to place a Delay block directly in front of a Notification block. If the delay is 5 minutes, and "Clear" is one of the pipeline drop out conditions, it effectively means that only events that stay active for longer than 5 minutes will actually result in notifications. If acknowledge is one of the dropout conditions, it would mean that operators (or anyone viewing alarm status) would have 5 minutes to acknowledge them, and only then would notifications be sent.

Event Instances and Runtime Properties

As mentioned, a new "alarm event" is generated each time an alarm transitions to active. This event consists of core data, but also has arbitrary properties available on it. The alarm configuration properties are available, as well as associated data, but in addition there are "runtime properties", that only exist while the alarm event is in memory, and are only used by pipelines. These properties can be accessed by several block types, and runtime properties can be created and updated with the "Set Property" block type.

During an alarm event's lifetime, its properties may be updated at any time. When an alarm goes to clear, for example, the system sets information about that state on the alarm event. In the pipeline, if a block accessed the "state" property, it would see a different value than if it had checked just moments earlier.

It may be possible for a specific alarm event to exist multiple times in a pipeline. This is especially true when using the Splitter block, which takes events and forwards them concurrently to multiple outputs. When this occurs, the alarm event is "branched" and a new "event

instance" is created. Each event instance will start with identical properties, but future modifications of properties will only affect the particular instance. All instances of an event will properly reflect properties set later by the system, such as acknowledgement or clear state.

Pipeline Lifecycle

Given the potentially long running nature of pipelines, it's important to understand how they operate when you edit them. Each pipeline normally has only one instance running at a time, which handles all of the events that go into it. When you edit a pipeline and save, however, a new instance is instantiated. The old instance is "retired", but continues to run until all of the existing events are done. The new instance only receives events generated after the time that it was created, it does not take over the previous instance's events.

Pipeline Blocks

Pipeline Blocks are the building blocks of the Alarm Pipelines. Each block, depending on the type, will perform some action for the pipeline, such as sending a notification, setting a property, or evaluating an Expression. Refer to the Pipeline Blocks section for descriptions of the different pipeline blocks that you can use to build your pipeline.

Pipeline Properties

Pipelines have only a few property settings, but they are important.

Display and Modify the Properties

Click on the gray area of the Pipeline workspace anywhere there isn't a block.

In the lower-left corner of the Designer, the Pipeline Properties are displayed. They are as follows:

• Dropout Conditions

These dictate when alarms fall out of the pipeline. There are three possible conditions: **Acknowledged**, **Cleared**, and **Shelved**. If any of the selected conditions become true for an event in a pipeline, it will "drop out" entirely, no matter where it is at. No further action will be taken for that event.

Pipeline Enabled

Indicates whether or not the pipeline is allowed to receeive events.

Commonly Used Properties

The following screenshot shows how you can access the two commonly used sets of properties in the Expression Block: the **Main** and **State** properties.



The **Main** properties are information about the alarm that are independent of whether the alarm is currently active, clear or acknowledged. The are:

- Display Path
- Display Path or Source
- Name
- Priority
- Source Path

The **State** properties are information about the alarm that change while the alarm is changing, and some of them even change each time the alarm goes from active to clear to ack (acknowledged).

- Ack Time
- Ack'ed By
- Ack'ed By (Name)
- Acked?
- Active Time
- Active?
- Clear Time
- Clear?
- Current State
- Event State
- Event Time
- Event Value
- Is Shelved?

Alarms events are made up of many different properties. Refer to the Alarm Event Properties Reference section for information on alarm properties and how they are used.

In This Section ...

Alarm Pipeline Designer Interface

The Alarm Pipeline Designer Interface is where you create your own custom pipelines to control the the flow of an alarm to its notification. It provides all the functionality to create tasks that customize how alarms going through the pipeline notify people of the alarm.

On this page

•••

Project Browser

Pipeline Blocks Pipeline Block Editor

Alarm Pipeline

Design Area

The Pipeline Designer Interface is an easy to use graphical mechanism, and uses the drag and drop method for building complex alarm notification scenarios. Like other Ignition module interfaces, the Pipeline Designer Interface is organized into panels, some of which are specific to the Pipeline Designer Interface such as the **Pipeline Blocks** and the **Pipeline Block Editor**, and some you have seen before, such as the Project Browser and Tag Browser.

This page shows all the important panels of the Alarm Pipeline Designer Interface and how easy they are to use to create your own custom pipelines.



Project Browser

You'll find alarm pipelines in the **Project Browser** panel which appears in the top left corner of the Designer. Here you can create new alarm pipelines, organize your pipelines into folders, and import pipelines from other projects. Like other resources, pipelines are inheritable, so a pipeline can be configured in one project, and inherited by another.

| Project Browser | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|------|--------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Q- Filter | | | | | | |
| 🛨 🏠 Alarm Notification Pipel | ines | | | | | |
| 🚽 🔒 East Wing | Ω | New Alarm Pipeline | | | | |
| → → West Wing | = | New Folder | | | | |
| | ٩ | Import | | | | |
| Perspective | | | | | | |
| - Ca Transaction Groups | | | | | | |
| O Vision | | | | | | |
| Named Queries | | | | | | |
| 🕨 🔂 Reports | | | | | | |

Pipeline Blocks

Pipeline Blocks are the building blocks of the Alarm Pipelines and are located at the top of the Designer. Each pipeline block has unique functionality that performs tasks such as sending notifications, alarm escalation, setting a delay, and evaluating an expression. Simply drag any of the pipeline blocks to your design area and configure each pipeline block's properties.

| Pipeline Blocks | | | | | | | 8 _ X |
|-----------------|-------|----------|--------|------------|--------------|------|--------|
| N | J | | E | fx | | C | |
| Notification | Delay | Splitter | Switch | Expression | Set Property | Jump | Script |

Pipeline Block Editor

The Pipeline Block Editor displays the pipeline properties and properties of the selected pipeline block. To see pipeline properties, click anywhere in the workspace. Since each pipeline block performs a specific function, it also has its own properties. Select the pipeline block to see its properties. The image below shows both the Pipeline's properties and a Notification block's properties.

| Pipeline Block Editor 🗇 💷 🗙 | Pipeline Block Editor 🗗 🗕 🗙 |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| Pipeline Properties | Notification Block |
| Dropout Condition Adknowledged | Notification Contacts Consolidation |
| Cleared Shelved | 1. Email * + |
| Pipeline Enabled | ∰ ≜↓ Im Im↓ Im↓ □ Email ^ |
| | From Address default@example.com |
| | Subject Ignition Alarm Notification |
| | Message At {eventTime hh:mm:ss}, |
| | Consolidated Message {alarmEvents.Count} alarn 🖉 🗸 |
| | Delay Between Messages (seconds): 60 |

Alarm Pipeline Design Area

Once you create a pipeline, drag the appropriate pipeline blocks to your canvas and begin building the logic for your notification pipeline. Set the properties for each pipeline block and connect the blocks to create your pipeline. The image below shows a simple pipeline that when an alarm occurs, a notification will be sent to Operators via email. If an operator doesn't respond to the notification within 5 minutes, a second email will be sent to another on-call roster called Managers.



Simple Pipeline

The most basic Alarm Notification Pipeline will simply notify users as soon as the alarm becomes active.

| Configure Alarm Notification Profile and On-Call Roster |
|---|
| Before you create a pipeline in the Designer, you need to configure at least one Alarm Notification Profile and at least one On-Call Roster in the Gateway. |



Create an Alarm Notification Pipeline

The following example will create a simple alarm notification pipeline in Ignition.

1. In the Designer, create a new pipeline in the Project Browser by going to the Global area.



2. Select Alarm Notification Pipelines, and right click to create a New Alarm Pipeline.

| Project Browser | | | - × - 5 |
|--|---------|--------------------|---------|
| Q- Filter | | Project Proper | ties 🔏 |
| - 🔿 Alarm Notification P | ipeline | es | |
| - A Sequential Function | Ω | New Alarm Pipeline | |
| Scripting Perspective | = | New Folder | |
| ► - Cal Transaction Groups | ٩ | Import | |
| Reports | | | |

When you create a new pipeline, the Designer switches to the Pipeline workspace. The workspace is essentially a blank canvas and can contains various **Pipeline Blocks**. By default, the name of the new pipeline is called '**New Pipeline**.'

| Project Browser 🗇 _ 🗙 | Pipeline Blocks | | | | | | | |
|--|---------------------|---------------|----------------|----------|------------|--------------|------|--------------|
| | Pipeline Blocks | | | | | | | 8 _ X |
| Q- Filter 🔏 | | (L) | | E | fx | | C | |
| Alarm Notification Pipelines Alarm Notification Pipeline Alarm Notification Pipeline Alarm Notification Alarm Notification Alarm Notification Poeline Block Editor | Notification | Delay | Splitter | Switch | Expression | Set Property | Jump | Script |
| Pipeline Block Editor Pipeline Properties | | | | | | | | |
| Dropout Condition | | | ²⁰⁰ | 1.1.1300 | 1.1.1.400 | | | ⁰ |
| Acknowledged | | | | | | | | |
| Cleared | - STA | RT | | | | | | |
| Shelved | - | | | | | | | |
| Pipeline Enabled | 1. | | | | | | | |
| ☑ Enabled | 0_ | | | инния | | | | > |
| | New Pipeline | × Escalate | zEmail | | | | | |
| BlockDesignableContainer "New Pi | peline" (0.0) [800) | 6001 Alt-drag | to move. | | | | 23 | 38 / 1024 mb |

3. It is a good practice to give a meaningful name to the pipeline. Commonly, the name acts as a way to describe what the pipeline does. Select the New Pipeline, right click and rename it "Notify".



Every pipeline has a Start block which you will see when you create your pipeline. When an alarm is triggered, it automatically goes to the Start block, and from there you can use other pipeline blocks to determine what you want to do with that alarm. All the available pipeline blocks are shown at the top of the Pipeline Workspace.

| Project Browser | ∂_× | Pipeline Blocks | | | | | | | a _ × |
|--|-----------|-----------------------------|-----------------|----------|--------|------------|--------------|--------|---------------|
| Q- Filter | 8 | ন | C | -3 | E | fx | 漢 | Ċ | |
| Alarm Notification Pipelines Alarm Notification Pipeline Alarm Notify Escalate Alooping Pipeline Alover Pipeline Alover | | Notification | Delay | Splitter | Switch | Expression | Set Property | Jump | Script |
| Pipeline Properties | 0. – V | ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا | . 1100 | 200 | | | 1.1.1.500 | 1.1.1. | 0 |
| Dropout Condition | | - | | | | | | | ^ |
| Acknowledged | | - | | | | | | | |
| Cleared | | STAF | रा 🔊 | | | | | | |
| Shelved | | - | | | | | | | |
| Pipeline Enabled | | 1.0_0 | | | | | | | |
| Enabled | | - | | | | | | | |
| | | Z 0 0 New Pipeline | × Escalate | zEmail | 00000 | | | | > |
| BlockDesignableContainer | "New Pipe | eline" (0.0) [800x6 | 5001 Alt-drag t | o move. | | | | 24 | 4 / 1024 mb 🛒 |

4. The most basic pipeline you can create is to simply notify someone right away when an alarm occurs. Drag the Notification block on to your canvas and place it next to the Start block. Once you drag it in to your pipeline, it is not connected.

| Project Browser 🗇 💷 🗙 | Pipeline Blocks | | | | | | | 8 _ X |
|---|-----------------|-----------|-------------------------|----------------|------------|--------------|------|----------------|
| Q. Filter | ₹ | J | | E | fx | | Ċ | |
| Alarm Notification Pipelines | Notification | Delay | Splitter | Switch | Expression | Set Property | Jump | Script |
| Escalate | | | | | | | | |
| Looping Pipeline New Pipeline | | | | | | | | |
| Notify | | | | | | | | |
| A Operators ∨ | | | | | | | | |
| Pipeline Block Editor Notification Block | | 100 | | | 400 | 500 | 1600 | |
| Notification Contacts Consolidation | | | | | | | | ^ |
| | - | 1 | | | - | | | |
| Choose One 🔹 🖸 | STAF | | প্ ^ন Notific | | | | | |
| 1≣ 15 m ≕ ≕ | - | | C IN | OUT | | | | |
| | 0 | | No Notificati | | | | | |
| | - | | 🕕 No On-Call R | oster Selected | | | | |
| | - | | | | | | | |
| | 2 | | | | | | | |
| | 0 | | | | | | | |
| Delay Between Messages (seconds): | < | | | | | | | ~ |
| Delay between messages (seconds): | New Pipeline | × Escalat | te zEmail | | | | | |
| BlockComponent (143,39) [208x121] | | | | | | | 24 | 7 / 1024 mb 🛒 |

5. Drag the output pin from the Start block to the input pin of the Notification block connecting the two blocks. When an alarm occurs, it's going directly into the Start block and then into the Notification block.

| Project Browser 🖬 💷 🗙 | Pipeline Blocks | | | | | | | 8 _ X |
|---|-----------------|------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|------------|--------------|--------------|----------------|
| Qr Filter | 2 | U | | E | fx | × | Ċ | |
| Alarm Notification Pipelines Alasic Email Escalate Aloring Pipeline Aloring Pipeline Aloring Pipeline Aloring Poperators Pipeline Block Editor | Notification | Delay | Splitter | Switch | Expression | Set Property | Jump | Script |
| - Notification Block | التليبانين ا | . [100] | 1.1.1200 | ³⁰⁰ | | | 1.1.1.1.1600 | |
| Notification Contacts Consolidation | STAI | π | IN IN No Notifi | cation Profile all Roster Selec | DUT P | | | |
| Delay Between Messages (seconds): | < | _ | | | | | | > |
| | New Pipeline | × Escalate | zEmail | | | | | |
| BlockComponent (170,39) [208x121] | | | | | | | 245 | i / 1024 mb 🛒 |

- 6. On the Notification block, you have to configure the Alarm Notification Profile that you are going use and who you are going to send it too. You should have already configured your Alarm Notification Profile before creating your new pipeline.
- 7. In your pipeline workspace, click on the Notification block, and the Notification tab will open.
- 8. Choose which Notification Profile from the dropdown that you want to use: **Email**, **SMS** or **Voice**. You can see that all three profiles are configured, but for this example, choose **Email**.
- 9. In the Pipeline Block Editor, under Contacts, click the **On-Call Roster** icon on the right side. Select from users and groups who you want to notify about this alarm. Your On-Call Roster should have already been created before creating your pipeline.



You just created a very simple Alarm Pipeline. When this alarm becomes active, it goes directly to the Start block and notifies all the users in the Operator group via Email one time.

Pipelines don't do anything until an alarm is told to use it. Once you configure your Alarm Notification Pipeline, the next step is to tell your alarm to use your Notify pipeline when the alarm becomes **Active**, **Cleared** or **ACKnowledged**. How to make your alarm use a pipeline is covered in the next section.

Related Topics ...

Adding Pipelines to Tags

Pipeline Blocks

Pipeline blocks are the building blocks for the Alarm Pipeline Notification system. Each block has an input and zero or more outputs. Each block has its own unique functionality and performs a specific action for the pipeline, such as sending a notification, setting a property, or evaluating an expression.

Let's look at the different pipeline blocks that come with the Alarm Notification system. There are eight blocks above your Pipeline Workspace that you can choose from to build your alarm notification pipeline.

Pipeline Blocks

The Pipeline Blocks are described individually in this section, but here is a brief overview:

Notification

Delivers a notification through the selected Notification Profile (i.e., Email, SMS and Voice).

• Delay

Blocks the alarm event for the specified amount of time.

Splitter

Forwards a single event concurrently to multiple other blocks.

• Switch

Evaluates a non-boolean Expression, and forwards to an output based on the result.

Expression

Evaluates an Expression that results in either 'True' or 'False,' and forwards the event to that output.

- Set Property Evaluates an Expression, and sets the result as a runtime property on the alarm event.
- Jump Forwards the alarm event to a different pipeline.
- Script

Executes a task outside the pipeline.

Start Block

When you create a new pipeline, you always get a **Start block** placed in your Pipeline Workspace. You cannot delete the **Start block** becaus e it represents the entry point for alarm events into the pipeline.

On this page Pipeline Blocks Start Block Notification Block Delay Block Splitter Block Switch Block Expression Block Examples Set Property Block Examples Jump Block

Script Block



Watch the Video



Notification Block

The **Notification block** is the block that controls the actual notification. When an alarm event reaches this block in the pipeline, some sort of notification will go out. In it, you can setup what type of notification it will use and who it will notify. You can learn more about the **Notification block** by going to the Notification Block page.

Delay Block

The **Delay block** simply blocks alarm events for a specified period of time before moving them to the next block. They are generally used to wait for the dropout condition to become satisfied for an alarm.

For example, a 5 minute delay might be used to give operators viewing control screens a chance to acknowledge, and only send notifications if they haven't (the "active delay" deadband on the alarm could be used to delay the alarm as well, but in that case it wouldn't actually be active, and therefore not displayed, for the delay time).

Delays are often also used to control flow in a pipeline. For example, in an "escalation" scenario, a notification block might be used to send emails. Since emails are sent instantly, and acknowledgment occurs "asynchronously" (the user must see the email and click the link or log into the system), a delay block could be used to provide time for the user to acknowledge, before moving on to a voice notification block. There is no practical limit to how long a delay can be. The delay is calculated independently for each event entering the block, meaning that each event will be held for the specified time.

Click the Delay block and a spinner will appear in the Pipeline Block Editor. You can specify the number of seconds to delay. In this example, if you enter "300" seconds, the alarm will wait 5 minutes before sending the notification to Roster A.



Splitter Block

The **Splitter block** simply forwards a single alarm event to multiple outputs at the same time. It creates a copy of the alarm event for each output and executes the alarm notifications along multiple paths in parallel. You can specify as many outputs as you want. If care is not taken, it is possible to end up with an exponential number of alarm event copies active in the pipelines at one time. Since each notification block operates on a specific on-call roster, splitters are useful for delivering events to multiple notification blocks at once as shown in this example.



Switch Block

The **Switch block** evaluates a non-boolean expression and forwards it to an output based on a given result. It can be a number or string, and it will be looked up against a defined list of expected results. If a match is found, the alarm will follow that path, otherwise the "Catch-all" output is used.

You can create an expression and even use the alarm event's priority, associated data, value and more. The following example has associated data for the Group that they belong to with "Group A" and "Group B" values. The Switch Block will evaluate the expression results against these defined values, and if a match is found, the alarm will follow that path. If neither of the values are met, the Catch-all output will be used.

This example demonstrates that a pipeline can send out an alarm to two different lists of people based on the group.



Expression Block

The **Expression block** contains an Expression which is evaluated against each alarm that enters it. The result is expected to be a boolean value, either True or False and forwards the alarm to the specific output. The Expression executed by the block is written in the same syntax as other Expressions in Ignition. However, in this context, it is possible to refer directly to properties of the alarm event that is being evaluated by using the standard "{path}" reference syntax. In addition, the following functions are available to quickly determine the state of the alarm.

Examples

isActive()

This single function returns whether the current event is active or not. An Expression block like this could be used to then dispatch to an "active" pipeline, and a "clear" pipeline (both the active and clear pipeline settings on the alarm would be set to this dispatch pipeline). This kind of setup allows you to later modify how actives are handled vs. clears in one place, without having to modify many alarms.

toInt({priority})>2 && {displayPath} like "*East Area*"

This block would forward all High and Critical alarms from the "east area" to the true path. The others would go to false, which may not actually be bound to another block, making this Expression block act like a filter.

isPropertyDefined("isEscalated")

This Expression checks if a property exists on the event. The isEscalated property is not a system defined property. Instead, in this example, it might be set using a Set Property block before forwarding back to the start of the pipeline. The first time through, this Expression would fail, but the next time, it would pass, and the "escalated" behavior could be executed.

In the **Pipeline Block Editor**, you can select the Alarm Properties from any of the icons in the Expression block. This example uses an expression to check to see if the priority is Critical, and if so, the alarm notification will follow the True path. If it is not Critical, it will follow the False path. As you can see, the False output is not configured. You don't have to configure every output if you don't want too.

| | Priority Expression Example |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------|
| {priority}="Critical" | |

Set Property Block

The **Set Property block** allows you to define or redefine a property on the alarm event. The value is created from the Expression Block, which can refer to other properties or the same properties. Typically, the Set Property Block is used as a counter for the number of times the alarm has been looping or notifying people in your on-call roster. Settings modified in this way will only exist while the alarm is in the pipeline, they will not be stored to the journal, or show up in the status table.

Examples

If you want to attempt notification up to three times before stopping, you could create a pipeline that looked like [Notification Block] > [Set Property] > [Expression], with the Expression looping back to the notification block (perhaps with a delay in between).

| Project Browser | 8 _ X | Pipeline Blocks | | | | | | | |
|--|-------|------------------------|-------|--------------------------|--------|------------|--------------|-------|-------|
| Q+ Filter | Æ | N | (| | E | fx | * | Ċ | |
| Q- Filter Alarm Notification Pipelines Final Operators Sequential Function Charts Pipeline Block Editor Expression Block 1 {priority}="Critical" | | Notification | Delay | f≪ Ex IN {priority | Switch | Expression | Set Property | OUT > | 600 1 |
| <u>«</u> | ~ | Name Priority Source P | ath | | _ | Internet | | _ | |
| | | Notify × | | | | | | | |

The Set Property block would look like: Property Name: counter Expression: coalesce({counter}, 0) + 1

Note that the first time the block is hit, the counter property will not exist, and therefore the value will be null. The coalesce function returns the first non-null value, allowing us to start with 0. Another way to write this might be:

if(isPropertyDefined("counter"), getProperty("counter"), 0)+1

The getProperty() function is functionally equivalent to simply referencing the property in brackets (that is, {counter}).

The Expression block in this example would simply be: {counter}<3.

Here is another example where the operators are notified of an alarm event 3 times before being escalated to the Production Supervisors. Drag two Set Property blocks to your pipeline workspace. Assign the first Set Property block to a Property Name numCalls and a Property Value of "0". The second Property Block you need to increment the counter. Enter "{numCalls} + 1" as shown in the Pipeline Property Editor. Each time the alarm goes through this block, the numCalls variable increments by "1". If no one acknowledges the alarm, it is sent to the Production Supervisor's on-call roster.



Jump Block

The **Jump block** forwards an alarm event to a different pipeline. You can breakup a pipeline into several different pipelines and use the Jump Block to go back and forth between pipelines. This is perfect for an escalation pipeline because often times they can become one massive pipeline, and the Jump block can make the escalation pipeline less complicated and more compact.

In the Pipeline Block Editor, enter the Destination pipeline called 'Escalate.'

In this simple example, the Jump block forwards the alarm to the Escalate pipeline and ends there.



Script Block

The **Script block** allows you to execute a task outside the pipeline like writing to another alarm tag or database. In this example, the Script block was used to notify the production supervisors of an alarm using another alarm tag as shown in the Pipeline Block Editor.



In the next sections, you will see how to use a combination of these different pipeline blocks to create your own unique pipelines.

Related Topics ...

• Pipeline - Filter on Alarm Priority

In This Section ...

Notification Block

As the name suggests, the Notification block is responsible for sending notifications. Each notification block can target multiple notification profiles, which represents different methods of notification, but it will only notify the user on the first profile that the user has contact information for. So having a notification block with both email and SMS listed will first attempt to contact a person with the profile type listed first. If that fails because the user does not have contact information for that profile type, it will try the second profile. Each type of notification profile will have its own relevant properties for configuration, although some features are common to all profile types. The various profiles will also behave differently, according to their capabilities, in regards to how notifications are ordered. For example, the Email profile is capable of sending a message to many recipients at once, while the SMS and Voice notification profiles must step through each contact sequentially.

There are two required settings for notification blocks: the Notification Profile and the On-Call Roster. The profile will dictate the method through which notifications occur, and the on-call roster will dictate who receives the notifications. The on-call roster provides an ordered list of contacts, which will first be pared down according to each user's schedule. The resulting contacts will be notified in order, based on how the profile operates. The settings displayed will depend on the type of profile selected.

On this page ••• Notification Email Settings Voice Settings SMS Settings **Twilio Settings** Message Properties Contacts Direct Expression Calculated Accessing Alarm Properties Calculated Rosters Consolidation Consolidated Message Property HTŅL Formatting in Fmail

Notifications

Notification

The notification tab allows you to select which Notification Profile you would like to use of the ones that you have currently configured in your gateway. The settings that can be configured differ, depending on the type of notification profile selected. However, all of the notification types share a setting, outside of the property area called **Delay Between Messages**. This property allows you to set a delay that will happen in between each notification. So if your delay is set to 30 seconds on an email notification, it will email the first person in the roster and then wait for 30 seconds before emailing the next person. It is set to zero seconds by default.

| Pipeline Block Editor | L | × |
|-------------------------------------|---|---|
| - Notification Block | | — |
| Notification Contacts Consolidation | | |
| <none> 🗸 💭</none> | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| Delay Between Messages (seconds): 0 | * | |

Email Settings

| Setting | Description |
|-----------------------------|---|
| From Address | Email address used for the From field. |
| Subject | Subject of the email. |
| Messag e | The body of the email. Like the subject, may refer to properties of the alarm. Message supports HTML formatting. Simply add the <html> tag at the beginning of the Message property. An end tag (</html> is not required. |
| | <html>This is my message. That was a line break.</html> |
| Consoli dated Message | The message sent when consolidation is turned on, and more than one alarm is being sent. See the Consolidation section for more details. |
| Recipie nt Type | The following feature is new in Ignition version 8.0.13 Click here to check out the other new features |
| | Determines if the email is sent to the user via "To", "CC", or "BCC". |
| Send Ack Link | The following feature is new in Ignition version 8.0.13 Click here to check out the other new features |
| | Allows the notification block to override the acknowledgment link that's included with two way email notification, potentially hiding it. If Two-way notification is enabled on the email notification profile, and this property is false, then emails sent by the block will not include an acknowledgement link. |
| Test Mode | If enabled, logs to the console each time an email would be sent, instead of sending the actual email. |
| Retry Count | The number of retry attempts per email per alarm. Default is 0. |
| Retry | Introduces a delay between each email for each alarm. Default is 5. |
| Pipeline Block Editor | ē _ > | | | |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Notification Block | | | | |
| Notification Contacts Co | nsolidation | | | |
| 1. Email 1 | × | | | |
| T. Entern I | + | | | |
| | T | | | |
| 1월 🛃 📼 📑 🖬 | | | | |
| 🗆 Email 1 | | | | |
| From Address | default@example.com | | | |
| Subject | Ignition Alarm Notification 🛛 🚽 | | | |
| Message | At {eventTime hh:mm:ss}, ala 🔊 | | | |
| Consolidated Message | {alarmEvents.Count} alarm ev 🔊 | | | |
| Recipient Type | То 💌 | | | |
| Send Ack Link | True 👻 | | | |
| Test Mode | False 👻 | | | |
| Retry Count | 0 | | | |
| Retry Delay (sec) | 5 | | | |
| | | | | |
| Delev Determine Manager (| | | | |
| Delay Between Messages (seconds): 0 | | | | |
| | | | | |

Voice Settings

| Setting | Description |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Requir e PIN | If true, the user will need to enter their PIN in order to hear the alarm notification messages. The user's PIN is defined in the user management section of the Gateway. If false, then anyone will be allowed to hear the messages after answering the phone. |
| Allow Ackno wledg ment | If false, users will only be allowed to listen to alarms, not to acknowledge them. |
| Retries Per Contact | The number of retry attempts per contact per alarm. Default is 1. |
| Delay Betwe en Retries | Introduces a delay between calling each contact, for each alarm. The pipeline dropout conditions are checked regularly between calls and while waiting, so this would provide time for the alarm to drop out before calling the next person. The delay is only enforced after following a "successful" call (a call that was answered). Unanswered or errored calls will move on to the next contact right away. Please note that long delays can block other alarms in the call queue. The delay is applied to all contacts for a particular alarm. The system must have time between each call to hang up properly before dialing again. |
| Test Mode | If enabled, messages will be logged to the console indicating when and to whom calls would have been made, without actually making a call. |

| Pipeline Block Editor 🛛 🗖 💶 🗙 | | | | |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------|---------|--|---|
| Notification Bl | ock | | | |
| Notification | Contacts Consol | idation | | |
| 1. Voice | | | | × |
| | | | | + |
| | = ₽ ‡ ₽ <u></u> ‡ | | | |
| Voice | | | | |
| Require | PIN | false | | |
| Allow Ac | knowledgement | true | | |
| Retries F | er Contact | 0 | | |
| Delay Be | etween Retries (S | 0 | | |
| Test Mo | de | false | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| Delay Betwee | en Messages (second | s): | | 0 |

SMS Settings

| Setting | Description |
|----------------------------------|---|
| Message | The message to use for single events. |
| Consolidated Message | The message sent when consolidation is turned on, and more than one alarm is being sent. See the Consolidation section for more details. |
| Delay Between Notification | As with voice, a delay between each message sent, to give the recipient time to acknowledge and prevent further notification. |
| Test Mode | If enabled, logs messages that would have been sent to the Gateway console, and does not actually send them. |
| Acknowledge Message | When two-way SMS notification is enabled, this property allows for the configuration of the acknowledgment instructions the users receive in the notification. The '%s' will be replaced by the user's acknowledge code |

| ipeline Block Editor | ē _ > |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Notification Block | |
| Notification Contacts Con | solidation |
| 1. SMS | × |
| 1. 51015 | + |
| | T |
| | |
| □ SMS | |
| Message | At {eventTime hh:mm:ss}, ala 🔊 |
| Consolidated Message | {alarmEvents.Count} alarm ev 🔳 |
| Acknowledge Message | To acknowledge, reply '%s' 🛛 🔊 |
| Test Mode | No |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| Delay Between Messages (seco | nds): 0 |
| , | · |

Twilio Settings

<u>SMS</u> notifications can also be sent with the Twilio Alarm Notification module. To use Twilio, you must first set up Twilio SMS Notification. This does not require a cellular modem, but the <u>Gateway</u> must have Internet access, and a Twilio account with <u>SMS</u> capabilities must be created (www.twilio.com).

| Setting | Description |
|-----------------------|--|
| From Number | Number from which the alarm notification is sent. |
| Message | Message to send. Default is " At {eventTime hh:mm:ss}, alarm "{name}" at "{displayPath}" transitioned to {eventState}." Click the binding con to access other alarm properties that can be used to the message. |
| Throttled Messages | The message sent when consolidation is turned on, and more than one alarm is being sent. See the Consolidation section for more details. |

| Pipeline Block Editor | | | 5 | _ | \times |
|-----------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|-----|---|----------|
| - Notification Block | | | | | |
| Notification Co | ontacts Conso | lidation | | | |
| 1. Twilio_Notifica | tion_Profile | | | | |
| ↓≣ ↓ [₽] ⊞ | ≓, ≓, | | | + | |
| ▼ Twilio_Notific | ation_Profile | | | | i l |
| From Numbe | _ | | | | Ш |
| Message | | At {eventTime hh:mm:ss}, | ala | œ | |
| Throttled Me | ssage | {alarmEvents.Count} alarm | ev | e | |
| | | | | | |
| Delay Between M | essages (second | ls): | 0 | * | |

Message Properties

Both the email and SMS notification types have a few different message settings. There are properties that contain alarm values that can be used in these message settings. To use the property, place { } around it. The table below contains all of the properties available to them.

| Property Name | Property Display Name | Description |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------|---|
| Count | {AlarmEvents. Count} | The number of alarm events that are in the pipeline. Typically used with alarm consolidation. |
| Maximum Priority | {AlarmEvents. MaxPriority} | The maximum priority of the alarms in the pipeline. Typically used with alarm consolidation. |
| Minimum Priority | {AlarmEvents. MinPriority} | The minimum priority of the alarms in the pipeline. Typically used with alarm consolidation. |
| Display Path | {displayPath} | The display path of the alarm. |
| Display Path or Source | {displayPathOrSou rce} | The display path of the alarm, or the sourcepath if no display path was defined. |
| Name | {name} | The name of the alarm. |
| Priority | {priority} | The priority of the alarm. |
| Source Path | {source} | The source path of the alarm. |
| Ack Time | {ackTime} | The time when the alarm was acknowledged. |
| Ack'ed By | {ackUser} | The username of the person that acknowledged the alarm. |
| Ack'ed By (Name) | {ackUserName} | The name of the person that acknowledged the alarm. |
| Acked? | {isAcked} | A True or False on if the alarm is acknowledged. |
| Active Time | {activeTime} | The time the alarm went active. |
| | | |

| Active? | {isActive} | A True or False on if the alarm is active. |
|---------------|--------------|---|
| Clear Time | {clearTime} | The time the alarm went to a cleared state. |
| Clear? | {isClear} | A True or False on if the alarm is cleared. |
| Current State | {state} | The current state of the alarm. (Active, Unacknowledged/Active, Acknowledged/Cleared, Unacknowledged/Cleared, Acknowledged) |
| Event State | {eventState} | The state of the alarm event. (Active, Acknowledged, Cleared) |
| Event Time | {eventTime} | The time that the alarm event occurred. Can format the time to a specific format like {eventTime hh:mm:ss} |
| Event Value | {eventValue} | The value of the tag for the alarm event. |
| Is Shelved? | {isShelved} | Is the alarm shelved. |

Contacts

From the **Contacts** tab, you can specify who you want to send the alarm notification to by specifying what roster type you want to use. There are three different ways to setup a roster.

- Direct Set a specific roster to use.
- Expression Set up an expression that will determine which roster to use.
- Calculated Use scripting to build a roster within the pipeline.

Each has different advantages, so it's important to understand the difference so you can select the method that best fits your needs.

Direct

The Direct roster type is the simplest to setup and use, but also the least flexible. Any On Call Roster defined on the Gateway can be used directly.

| Pipeline Block Edito | r | | 8 - 3 | × | |
|----------------------|----------|---------------|-------|---|--|
| Notification Block | | | | | |
| Notification | Contacts | Consolidation | | | |
| Roster Type: | Direct | • | | | |
| On-Call Roster | | | | | |
| <none></none> | • | S | | | |
| <none></none> | | | | | |
| Managers | | | | | |
| Operators | | | | | |
| Test | | | | | |
| User Group 1 | | | | | |
| User Group 2 | | | | | |
| | | · | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |

Expression

The Expression roster type makes it possible to dynamically choose a single, predefined roster from within the pipeline. The expression can make use of Tag values, alarm properties and associated data. The alarm properties are accessible from the **Alarm Properties** icon loca ted on the right side of the panel. Associated data can be manually entered using the "{" and "}" characters. A list of rosters is available from the **On-Call Rosters** icon.



| Pipeline Block Editor | $- \times$ |
|-------------------------------------|-------------|
| - Notification Block | |
| Notification Contacts Consolidation | |
| Roster Type: Expression 💌 | |
| On-Call Roster | |
| 1 | *= |
| | Σ |
| | |
| | • |
| | 20 |
| | Critical |
| | Managers |
| | MyRoster |
| | NonCritical |

```
if({Group}= "A","Group A","Group B")
```

The above expression checks for associated data named "Group" on the alarm. If the value is equal to "A", the Group A roster is used, otherwise the Group B roster will be notified.

When should I use quotation marks on the Roster name?

It is recommended to **always place quotation marks around roster names**. However, it is not always required for notifications to be sent out successfully.

If the expression consists of only the name of the roster, then quotes can be omitted. For example, specifying that a Notification block should always use the Roster named "**Operators**" could look like the following with quotes:

```
//This expression will evaluate successfully.
"Operators"
```

Which would return the string **Operators**, a valid Roster.

However, quotation marks could be removed in this scenario. This normally causes a syntax error, because strings in expressions must be encased in quotation marks. However, in this case the Notification block will assume you simply typed out the name of the roster, so the following example will also successfully use the **Operators** roster:

```
//This will fail to evaluate as an expression, so the block will instead look for a roster named
"Operators",
//and the users will still be notified.
Operators
```

However, if the expression is any more complicated than the above example, such as using an expression function, then quotation marks must be used. The following example would check the priority of the alarm. If the alarm's priority was "critical", then the **High Priority Roster** would be notified. For all other priorities, the **Low Priority Roster** would be used.

```
//This expression will evaluate successfully.
if({priority} > 3, "High Priority Roster", "Low Priority Roster")
```

However, if the quotes were removed from the roster names, the expression would fail with a syntax error:

//This expression will fail, so all the text is assumed to the name of a Roster if({priority} > 3, High Priority Roster, Low Priority Roster) When this expression fails, the Notification block will assume that the text is actually the name of a roster, and will attempt to use a roster named "if({priority} > 3, High Priority Roster, Low Priority Roster)". For this reason, it is a good idea to always place quotes around Roster names, as well as check your expressions for syntax errors.

Calculated

The Calculated roster type allows you to use scripting to create a roster at that time using scripting. This becomes extremely useful for situations when you are not sure who should be contacted at the time. Instead of creating an on-call roster for each possible combination of users, you can determine who needs to be notified in the script based on the circumstances of the alarm, and then build the roster to fit that scenario. While this is extremely powerful and offers the most flexibility, it is the most difficult to configure, so you should only use it when absolutely necessary.

| Pipeline Block | Editor | × |
|----------------|--|------|
| - Notificatio | n Block | |
| Notificatio | on Contacts Consolidation | |
| Roster Ty | pe: Calculated 💌 | |
| On-Call Ro | oster | |
| 1 def | calculateRoster(event, builder): | ^ |
| | <pre>""" Allows for the creation of a roster at runtime. Expects the return value as a list of dictionaries with the following possible key value pairs: username - String firstname - String lastname - String email - List of Strings phone - List of Strings sms - List of Strings extraProps - Dictionary of Lists</pre> | |
| | <pre>Arguments: event: The alarm event instance. Properties can be accessed, set, and created using dictionary syntax. builder: A convenience object used to build a list of contacts. Usage: builder.username("bob").phone(["5551234567"]).add().username("joe").email(["joe@mycompan"""</pre> | y.co |
| | #user1 = {"username":"bob", "phone":["5551234567"]} | |
| | <pre>#user2 = {"username":"joe", "email":["joe@mycompany.com"]} #moster = {user1 = user2}</pre> | |
| | #roster = [user1, user2] #return roster | |

Accessing Alarm Properties

You can access any of the alarm properties through the event object in a calculated roster. Properties are stored as a dictionary and can be accessed in the same way.

| Alarm Properties |
|--|
| <pre># properties can be accessed directly using the dictionary format # event["propertyname"]</pre> |
| # get the alarm name alarmName = event["name"] |
| # get an associated data property named "Machine Area" associatedArea = event["Machine Area"] |

Calculated Rosters

The Calculated roster type requires a return value which is a list of dictionaries, where each dictionary is a set of contact information. The contacts that you use are specific to that instance, meaning neither the user nor contact information have to exist on the Gateway. This can either be done manually, by putting together dictionaries with the appropriate contact info and then placing them into a list, or you can use the builder to put together the list for you. Both end up with the same results, so we advise that you use the one that you find easier. The builder has a set of methods which align with the key:value pairs the dictionary is expecting.

| Name | Description | Datatype |
|----------------|--|-------------------------|
| usern ame | A username for this particular user. Note: this can be anything that you want, the user does not have to exist in the Gateway. This will be used for acknowledgement and auditing purposes, so it is important you create meaning usernames. | String |
| firstn ame | A first name for this particular user. | String |
| lastn ame | A last name for this particular user. | String |
| email | A list of possible email address for the user. | List of Strings |
| phone | A list of possible phone numbers for the user for voice notification purposes. | List of Strings |
| sms | A list of possible SMS numbers for the user for SMS notification purposes. | List of Strings |
| extra Props | Extra properties that can be added to a user. This is useful when dealing with any third party functionality. | Dictionar y of Lists |

User Data Created Manually

When putting together a dictionary manually, you can use some or all of the properties listed in the table above. You can create as many dictionaries of users as you want, adding in as much or as little contact info. Once you have your dictionaries created, you then need to place them in a list. You then need to use that list as the return value, which the pipeline will use to determine who to contact.

```
Manual User List
# create your user dictionaries
user1 = {"username":"mary", "email":["mary@company.com"]}
user2 = {"username":"john", "firstname":"John", "lastname":"Smith", "email":["john@company.com"],
"phone":["1234567890"], "sms":["8905671234"]}
# create a list of the user data
userList = [user1, user2]
# return the user data
return userList
```

You can use this in conjunction with a database query to dynamically create a list of user information. See below for an example using the Builder.

User Data Created with the Builder

If you instead opt to use the builder, the builder object has a few extra methods that it can use besides what were listed above.

- add() will add all previous info as a single dictionary.
- build() will return the completed list of dictionaries.

The builder object is used by calling consecutive methods on it. Using the same info as the example above, you can add all of the contact info to the builder on a single line.

```
Dne Big Builder
# Here, we are putting together contact information in our builder using one big string of code.
# Notice that even though it is one long string of code, we are adding both users.
# The first add() at the end of Mary's information acts as a divider between the details, adding hers
first.
# The second add() at the end of the code will then add all of John's information.
builder.username("mary").email(['mary@company.com']).add().username('john').firstname('John').lastname
('Smith').email(['john@comapny.com']).phone(['1234567890']).sms(['8905671234']).add()
```

While the above will work just fine, it may be a bit confusing to put together. However, you don't have to add all of the users at once like that. You can instead break it up, making sure to call add at the end of each user's information.

Breaking up the Builder # Here, I still add all of the same contact information to my builder, but this time, I do it in two stages. # The difference here is that I have to call builder again in the second line when adding John's information. builder.username("mary").email(['mary@company.com']).add() builder.username('john').firstname('John').lastname('Smith').email(['john@comapny.com']).phone (['1234567890']).sms(['8905671234']).add()

This can be really useful as it can allow you to add users one at a time, making use of flow control methods like a for loop. You can then use external information, such as database records or Ignition's built in user and security functions to determine who to add.

| Looping through Users |
|---|
| # This would grab a table from the database that contains a username, email address, and SMS number. |
| # We must specify the database connection name because this is in the gateway scope. |
| <pre>data = system.db.runQuery("SELECT username, emailaddress, smsnumber FROM user_info_table", "DB")</pre> |
| # loop through the returned query data |
| for row in data: |
| # add users to the builder row by row |
| # note the extra [] in the email and sms functions |
| <pre>builder.username(row["username"]).email([row["emailaddress"]]).sms([row["smsnumber"]]).add()</pre> |

Once you have all of the appropriate contact information added to the builder, you then call build() on the builder object. This will give us a new built object. We then return our userList as before. Using our example from above:

| | Complete Builder Example |
|-----|---|
| Γ | # get user information from the database |
| | <pre>data = system.db.runQuery("SELECT username, emailaddress, smsnumber FROM user_info_table", "DB")</pre> |
| | # loop through the returned query data |
| | for row in data: |
| | # add each user to the builder |
| | <pre>builder.username(row["username"]).email([row["emailaddress"]]).sms([row["smsnumber"]]).add()</pre> |
| | # use the builder object's build() function to create the finished list of data |
| | userList = builder.build() |
| | return userList |
| ł., | |

Consolidation

Notification consolidation allows you to limit the number of notifications sent by specifying a delay during which incoming events will be collected. When the delay expires, all events that have arrived during the period of time will be sent together to the notification profile. The manner in which the profile implements consolidation will vary, but in general the result will be a shorter message, or fewer messages, than would have occurred otherwise.

Consolidation is defined with two parameters:

- Delay How long to wait after the first eligible alarm arrives. This setting forces a pause before sending a notification. The delay is
 used to protect against situations where an event might generate many alarms together. In other words, if an alarm comes into the
 Notification Block, it will be delayed for this amount of time in case there are other alarms arriving soon.
- Frequency The max frequency with which the profile can send alarms. This setting forces a pause after sending a notification. The frequency is used to ensure that contacts aren't notified too often, for example if an alarm is rapidly going in and out of the active state.

| Pipeline Block Editor | |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| Notification Block | |
| Notification Contacts Consolidation | |
| Consolidation Enabled | |
| Delay (sec) | |
| 15 💂 | |
| Frequency (sec) | |
| 60 | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |

Consolidated Message Property

Some notification settings include a **Consolidated Message**, which dictates the formatting for the message when consolidation is enabled. This <u>property</u> features a text area that allows you to determine the content of the consolidated message.

Note:

While the editor looks like an Expression Editor, it's not, so the normal expression functions and rules do not apply here. Although there is a Property Reference button to the right of the editor that can create references to <u>alarm</u> event properties.

Furthermore, since this isn't an expression, you don't need to wrap string literals in quotation marks.

| Pipeline Block Editor | 0 _ X |
|---|--------|
| - Notification Block | |
| Notification Contacts Consolidation | |
| 1. Papercut | Ë |
| | + |
| Consolidated Message | 🕈 Back |
| 1 {alarmEvents.Count} alarm events have occurred: | ~ E |
| <pre>2 {{Alarm "{name}" at "{displayPath}" transitioned to {eventState} at {eventTime hh:mm:ss}}}</pre> | ~ |
| Celay Between Messages (seconds): | > |
| ,, ························ | |

Since consolidated messages will potentially contain multiple alarms, they utilize some unique syntax: the double curly bracket {{ }} notation. The content within this notation will be repeated for each alarm included in the consolidated notification.

| {alarmEvents. | Count} alaı | cm event | s have oc | curre | : E | | | | | |
|---------------|-------------|----------|-----------|--------|-----------|----------|--------|--------------|----------------|--|
| {{Every thin | g in here v | will be | repeated | for ea | ach alarm | included | in the | consolidated | notification}} | |

HTML Formatting in Email Notifications

Messages within consolidated messages can use HTML formatting by simply leading with an <html> tag at the start of the message. Doing this by itself does cause the resulting formatting to omit the built-in line breaks, so you will need to add line break
 tags to signify a new line.

For example, we could add some HTML tags to the initial example on a consolidated message to write the alarm name and display path in bold using the following:

| <html></html> |
|--|
| {alarmEvents.Count} alarm events have occurred: |
| {{Alarm {name} at {displayPath} transitioned to {eventState} at {eventTime hh:mm:ss} |
| }} |
| |

Which would result in the following body:

| 🗙 PAPERCUT | | 돈 Log 📚 Rules 🛱 Options 🖰 Exit 🗕 🗖 🗙 | | | | | |
|----------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Ignition Alarm Notific. | From | default@example.com | | | | | |
| 10/13/2020 3:33:10 PM (831 | То | stuff@thing.com | | | | | |
| | Date | 10/13/2020 3:33:10 PM -07:00 | | | | | |
| | Subject Ignition Alarm Notification | | | | | | |
| | Message Headers Body Sections R | | | | | | |
| | Alarm Fault a Alarm Fault a Alarm Fault a Alarm Fault a Alarm Fault a | have occurred: t Alarm Fault transitioned to Active at 03:32:55 t Alarm Fault transitioned to Active at 03:32:55 | | | | | |
| | | ~ | | | | | |
| FORWARD DELETE (1) | Papercut v https://git/ | v5.1.76 nub.com/ChangemakerStudios/Papercut | | | | | |

Pipeline - Filter on Alarm Priority



To learn more, go to Configuring Alarms, Alarm Notification and On-Call Rosters.

You can create a filter for an alarm priority in an alarm notification pipeline that notifies a different list of users based on the alarm's priority.

There are two pipeline blocks that can be used for filtering, either the **Switch block** or the **Express ion block**. The Switch block allows you to switch on the priority, doing something different for every single priority that exists. The Expression block allows you to check for a specific priority, and it returns either a 'True' or 'False' value. You can do something if it is 'True' and something else if it is 'False.' This example uses the Expression block. In this example, we already have two On-Call Rosters set up named "Critical" and "NonCritical."



To Filter on Alarm Priority, do the following:

- 1. Drag an Expression block into your pipeline.
- 2. Connect the Start to the IN of the Expression block. You will notice that the Expression block is going to return a True or False value



- 3. In this expression, you want to check for the alarm's priority. Go to the Pipeline Property Editor, click the Alarm Properties 🔳 icon.
- 4. Select **Main** and then the **Priority** expression. Priority is a placeholder until you enter the priority value you want to filter on. When the alarm is triggered, it will be replaced with the actual priority of that alarm.

| Project Browser | - X | Pipeline Blocks | | | | | | | 8 _ X |
|--|-----------|-----------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|--------|------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| Q- Filter | Æ | ي. | (L) | | E | fx | * * | C | |
| Alarm Notification Pipeline Alarm Notification Pipeline Alare Escalate Alogning Pipeline New Pipeline New Pipeline Onerators | s ^ | Notification | Delay | Splitter | Switch | Expression | Set Property | Jump | Script |
| Pipeline Block Editor | 8 _ X | التليبانين ا | . [100 | 1.1.1 ²⁰⁰ 1.1. | 300 | 400 | 1.1.1.1500 | 1.1.1.1.1600 | |
| <pre>txpression Block 1 (priority) </pre> | | · · · | th th or Source th | FA | RUE > | | | | * |
| | | Dasic Email X | | | | | | | |
| BlockComponent (175,52) | [120x114] | | | | | | | 228 | / 1024 mb 🕍 |

5. Alarm priorities have predefined integer values for filtering and sorting. Because this value is an int, you can test against it using =, <, >, >=, or <=. In this example, we are going to filter for all alarms with a priority of 'Critical.' Critical has a value of 4.

| (j) | Alarm Properties |
|-----|---|
| | 0 = Diagnostic 1 = Low 2 = Medium 3 = High 4 = Critical |
| | Refer to Alarm Event Properties Reference for more information. |

If the alarm priority is critical, the alarm will go to the output pin of the True value in the Expression block. If the priority is not critical, the alarm will go to the output pin of the False value. Notice, we are doing something different for each of these conditions.

| Project Browser | > | V Pipeline Blocks | | | | | | | 8 L > |
|-----------------------------|----------|-------------------|---------|---------------|------------------------|------------|--------------|------|-----------|
| Q- Filter | | | J | | E | fx | * | Ċ | |
| Alarm Notification Pipeline | es | Notification | Delay | Splitter | Switch | Expression | Set Property | Jump | Script |
| Escalate | | | | | | | | | |
| New Pipeline | | | | | | | | | |
| Notify | | | | | | | | | |
| Operators | | ~ | | | | | | | |
| Pipeline Block Editor | X | بىتىتىتى > | . [100] | 1.1.12001.1.1 | 1.1.13001.1 | 400 | 1.1.1.1500 | | |
| - Expression Block | | - 14 | | | | | | | i i |
| 1 {priority}=4 | _^ * | | | | | | | | |
| | Ξ | | RT | | RUE > ALSE > }=4 | | | | |
| < | ~ | | - | | | | | | > |
| | | Basic Email × | | | | | | | |
| BlockComponent (175,52) | [122x114 | 1 | | | | | | 231 | / 1024 mb |

- 6. Drag in a Notification block, and connect the True output pin into the IN of the Notification block.
- In the Pipeline Block Editor under the Notification tab, choose the notification type.
 On the Contacts tab, under the On-Call Roster dropdown, select the **Critical** on-call roster list of people you want to email.

| Project Browser | Pipeline Blocks | | | | | | | a _ × |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|---|--------------|------------|--|--------------|------|--------------|
| Q- Filter | ন্দ্র | C | -< | E | fx | 須 | ¢ | |
| | | | f× Expressio | n RUE > | Expression Expression Notifice Notifice Notifice Roster: Critice | Set Property | Jump | Script |
| | < | | | | | | | > |
| | Basic Email 🗙 | | | | | | | |
| BlockComponent (324,18) [190x121 |] | | | | | | 250 | / 1024 mb 🛒 |

9. Drag in a second Notification Block, and connect the 'False' output into the IN of the Notification block.

In the Pipeline Block Editor, under the Notifications tab, choose the notification type. In the Contacts tab, under the On-Call Roster dropdown, select the **Noncritical** on-call roster. The Critical list is a different list of people from the Non Critical list.

| Project Browser 🗖 💶 🗙 | Pipeline Blocks | | | | | | | 8 _ × |
|---|-----------------|--------|----------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------------|--|------|--------------|
| Q- Filter | N | (L) | | E | fx | * | C | |
| Alarm Notification Pipelines | Notification | Delay | Splitter | Switch | Expression | Set Property | Jump | Script |
| New Pipeline Notify Operators | | | | | | | | |
| Pipeline Block Editor 🛛 📄 🔜 🗙 | ليتبينين ا | . 1100 | 1.1.1 ²⁰⁰ 1.1.1 | I ³⁰⁰ | 400 | 1.1.1.1500 | 1 | |
| Notification Block Notification Contacts Consolidation Roster Type: Direct ▼ On-Call Roster NonCritical ▼ C | 5 TAR | π | | n RUE > =4 | 1. Email Noti Roster: Critica | OUT > fications il tion OUT > fications | | |
| | | | | | | | | > |
| | Basic Email × | | | | | | | |
| BlockComponent (324,129) [190x121] |] | | | | | | 248 | / 1024 mb 🕍 |

As you see in this example, the alarm notification pipeline notified different lists of people based on the alarm's priority.

Related Topics ...

• Pipeline - Filter on Alarm Associated Data

Pipeline - Filter on Alarm Associated Data

(i) This section assumes you have certain objects configured

The examples in this section assume you have a configured alarm, alarm associated data, a notification profile, and an existing on-call roster configured.

How to Filter on Alarm Associated Data

Once associated data is added to an alarm, you can easily filter for associated data in an alarm pipeline. It's possible to add associated data that can be either static or dynamic. Below is an example of how to filter a notification pipeline based on associated data added to an alarm.

A WriteableFloat1 Tag is used for this example.



- 1. In the Tag Browser, double click on WriteableFloat1, the Tag Editor will open.
- 2. Scroll down to Alarms.
- 3. Click on the Edit X icon to view the alarms. You'll notice this example has three alarms setup.

| arms | | High Alarm | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|---|----------------------------------|------------|
| ault1 - Above Setpoint, High | + | Properties | | |
| ligh Alarm - Above Setpoint, Critical | Ô | | | |
| ow Alarm - Below Setpoint, Medium | | Ack Notes Required | false | ▼ ⊕ |
| | | Shelving Allowed | true | ▼ ⊖ |
| | | Alarm Mode Settings | | |
| | | Mode | Above Setpoint | |
| | | Setpoint | | 8 😅 |
| | | Inclusive | true | ▼ G: |
| | | Any Change | false | ▼ 🖂 |
| | | Deadbands and Time Delays | | |
| | | Deadband | | 0 🖂 |
| | | Deadband Mode | Absolute | |
| | | Active delay (seconds) | | 0 😅 |
| | | Clear delay (seconds) | | 0 🖂 |
| | | Notification | | |
| | | Ack Pipeline | | ▼ G |
| | | Active Pipeline | Examples_2019_11_and_Later/Email | ▼ G3 |

4. You can see the High Alarm configuration has Associated Data called Group, and a value of either "Group A" or "Group B". We are going to use this associated data to filter the alarm notification pipeline.

| Fault1 - Above Setpoint, High | + | High Alarm | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|---|----------------------------------|------------|
| | â | Properties | | |
| High Alarm - Above Setpoint, Critical | | 11 💱 📼 📑 🖬 🏛 | | |
| Low Alarm - Below Setpoint, Medium | | Inclusive | true | ▼ G |
| | | Any Change | false | ▼ ⊕ |
| | | Deadbands and Time Delays | | |
| | | Deadband | | 0 👄 |
| | | Deadband Mode | Absolute | |
| | | Active delay (seconds) | | 0 🖙 |
| | | Clear delay (seconds) | | 0 🖙 |
| | | Notification | | |
| | | Ack Pipeline | | ▼ ⊕ |
| | | Active Pipeline | Examples_2019_11_and_Later/Email | ▼ ⊕ |
| | | Clear Pipeline | | ▼ ⊕ |
| | | Phone Call Settings | | |
| | | Custom Message | | GÐ |
| | | Email Notification Properties | | |
| | | Custom Message | | œ |
| | | Custom Subject | | œ |
| | | SMS Notification Properties | | |
| | | Custom Message | | œ |
| | | Associated Data | | |
| | | Group | Group A | e |

Let's create a pipeline that filters on associated data.

- 5. There are two blocks that can be used for filtering, either the Switch block or the Expression block. The Switch block allows you to switch on a value and do something different for Group A and Group B. The Expression block does the same thing, but only returns values of True or False.
- 6. For this example, drag in the **Switch block** to your pipeline, and connect the **Start block** to the **IN** of the Switch block.



7. In the **Pipeline Property Editor**, you have to manually enter the expression because you will not find any of the associated data properties in the dropdown list. Enter the name of the associated data property in curly braces as follows, **{Group}.** The **Group** asso ciated data property acts as a placeholder for the real values.

| Project Browser | ē _ × | Pipeline Blocks | | | | | |
|---|----------------------|------------------|---------|----------|--------|------------|--------------|
| Q- Filter | Project Properties 者 | | () | | E | fx | |
| Alarm Notification Pipelines | | Notification | Delay | Splitter | Switch | Expression | Set Property |
| Escalate | | | | | | | |
| Notify Operators Sequential Function Charts | | | 1100 | | ,300 | 400 | |
| Pipeline Block Editor | | | 1001.1 | | 1.1. | 400 | |
| Switch Block Expression | ×= Σ Σ | START | | E Switch | | | |
| Values | * | Topping Pipeline | Basic E | mail 2 × | | | |

8. Next, you need to add some values to the expression. You can add as many values that you have values for. Click on the Add to con and add two values: Group A and Group B.

Once you enter both values, you will have outputs in the Switch block for **Group A**, **Group B**, and by default, **Catch-all**. So now you can notify a different list of people based on each Group.



 Drag a Notification block into your pipeline, and connect the output of Group A in the Switch block to the IN of the Notification block. In the Pipeline Block Editor, under the Notification tab, choose Email as your notification type. In the Contacts tab, under the Oncall Roster icon, select the roster you want to notify (i.e., Operators).



10. Drag a second Notification block to your pipeline, and connect Group B from the Switch block to the IN on the second Notification block.

Choose Email Notifications as your notification type, and specify a different On-call Roster to notify a different group of people (i.e., Managers).

| Project Browser | ∂_× | Pipeline Blocks | | | | | |
|--|----------------------|-----------------|-------------|------------------------|-----------|----------------------------|------------|
| Q- Filter | Project Properties 🔏 | ন | J | | E | fx | - |
| Alarm Notification Pipelines | ^ | Notification | Delay | Splitter | Switch | Expression | Set P |
| • ① Email • ① Escalate • ① Looping Pipeline • ① New Pipeline • ① Notify • ① Operators | | | | | 1 300 | 1 | |
| Pipeline Block Editor | a _ × | | | | | | |
| Notification Block | | START | | | K | Notification | |
| Notification Contacts Consolidation | | | 툔 | Switch | | OL | л |
| Roster Type: Direct 💌 | | - | G IN | Group A > Group B > | | l Notification perators | s |
| On-Call Roster | | ŏ. | | Catch-all > | Roster. o | | |
| Managers 🔻 💭 | | 3 | { G | roup} | સ | Notification | |
| <none></none> | | 1 | _ | | | | |
| Managers | | - | | | IN | | <u>т Р</u> |
| Operators | | 2 0 0 | | | 1. Email | l Notification | s |
| Test | | | | | Roster: M | anagers | |
| User Group 1 | | | | | | | I |
| User Group 2 | | - | | | | | |
| | | 3. 0. 0. | | | | | |
| | | Looping Pipeli | ne Basic Er | mail 2 × | | | |

Now, you are notifying people based on Group A (Operators) and Group B (Production Supervisors) by filtering on alarm associated data.

Related Topics ...

• Pipeline - Escalation

Pipeline - Simple Loop

This section assumes that alarms are configured.

To learn more, go to Configuring Alarms, Alarm Notification and On-Call Rosters.

How to Create a Looping Alarm Notification

You can create a loop in an alarm pipeline to notify users continuously until the alarm is dealt with. It is important to pay close attention to your dropout conditions when you are creating a loop. If you remove all dropout conditions the loop will continue until the alarm pipeline is manually stopped from the Gateway Webpage.

There are two pipeline blocks that we need to create a loop.

- Notification Block to send a notification.
- Delay Block to create a pause between each notification.

In this example, we will use the default settings for the Dropout Conditions. All three options (Acknowledged, Cleared, and Shelved) will remain checked.

1. Drag in the **Notification Block** in to your pipeline, and connect the **Start** to the **IN** handle of the Notification block. You will need to set up your Notification block, but you can see more about that on the Notification Block page. This will cause the pipeline to notify immediately then move on.



2. Drag a Delay block onto the pipeline and set the Delay (sec) property. We will chose 300 seconds (5 minutes).



•••

How to Create a Looping Alarm Notification

| File Edit View Project Tools Help | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------|-------|----------|------------------------------------|------------|--------------|--------------------|
| H H ★ → 3 H H H H | Pipeline Blocks | | | | | | |
| Q- Filter | | 0 | - 2 | Ŧ | fx | 漢 | 4 |
| Alarm Notification Pipelines Comparison of the second se | Notification | Delay | Splitter | Switch | Expression | Set Property | Jump |
| Vision Named Queries Reports Papeline Block Editor Delay Block Delay (sec) 300 | STARI | | | Notification otification Profil | | | OUT > 0 seconds |

3. Connect the two blocks by dragging from the **OUT** handle of the Notification block to the Delay block.

Now create a second connection by dragging from the **OUT** handle of the Delay block to the Notification block.

| File Edit View Project Tools Help | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------|-------|----------|-------------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|
| | ŀ | | | | | | |
| Project Browser 🗇 💷 🕽 | Pipeline Blocks | | | | | | |
| Q- Filter | N | () | | E | fx | * | Ċ |
| Alarm Notification Pipelines Alarm Notification Pipelines A Email Escalate Looping Pipeline | Notification | Delay | Splitter | Switch | Expression | Set Property | Jump |
| | | | 1 1200 | 1.1.1300 | 1.1.1.1400, | 1500 . | |
| Image: Section of Outpose Image: Section of Outpose | STAR | - | - | Notification | | - | elay |
| Pipeline Properties | | | | | OUT > | | |
| Dropout Condition | 0 | | _ | tification Profil | | 5 minutes | , 0 seconds |
| Acknowledged | 1 | | 🗥 No On | -Call Roster Se | lected | | |
| Cleared | - | | | | | | |
| Shelved | 2. | | | | | | |
| Pipeline Enabled | č. | | | | | | |
| Enabled | - | | | | | | |

Now you have a pipeline that will notify immediately, wait 5 minutes, then notify again, and repeat until one of the dropout conditions is met.

You can use this technique with escalation to notify five times then change to another pipeline.

Related Topics ...

• Pipeline - Escalation

Pipeline - Escalation

It is possible to set up escalation procedures in alarm notification pipelines in Ignition. The following example will create a pipeline that notifies operators three times. If a user does not acknowledge the alarm after the third time, the alarm escalates to the Production Supervisor's on-call roster.

The following example requires that two separate on-call rosters have been configured ("Production Supervisors" and "Operators"), as well as an email notification profile.



Set Up Escalation Procedures

- 1. In the Project Browser under the Alarm Notification Pipelines, create a New Alarm Pipeline called Escalate.
- 2. In order to keep track of how many times the operators get notified, create a counter using the Set Property block inside your pipeline. Drag the Set Property block to the Pipeline workspace and connect the START block to the IN of the Set Property block.
- 3. In the Pipeline Block Editor, set the Property Name to numCalls and initialize the Property Value to "0".



- 4. Drag the Notification block to the Pipeline Workspace and connect the **OUT** from the Set Property block to the **IN** of the Notification bloc
- 5. In the Pipeline Block Editor, set the Notification to use Email Notifications and set the Contacts to use the Operators on-call roster.

| Project Browser 🗗 | $_{-} \times$ | Pipeline Blocks | | | | | |
|--|---------------|-----------------|------|---|---|------------|--------------|
| Q- Filter | Æ | ন | J | | E | fx | |
| Alarm Notification Pipelines Alarm Notification Pipeline Cooping | × | Notification | ⊳−−− | Splitter Splitter Set Property IN OU Property: numCalls | | Expression | Set Property |

6. Next we'll add a Delay block so the operators have some time to respond to the alarm before another notification is immediately sent out.

Drag in the Delay block and connect the **OUT** from the Notification block to the **IN** of the Delay block.

7. In the Pipeline Block Editor, set the Delay property for **300 seconds**. That gives the operators 5 minutes to respond to the alarm before going to the next block.

| Project Browser | ē _ × | Pipeline Blocks | | | | | | | |
|---|----------|-----------------|--------|---------------------------|--------|---------------|--------------------|----------------------|----------|
| Q- Filter | Æ | | () | -6 | Ŧ | fx | ý | ¢ | |
| Alarm Notification Pipelines | <u>~</u> | Notification | Delay | Splitter | Switch | Expression | Set Property | Jump | Script |
| Escalate | | | | | | | | | |
| Sequential Function Charts | | | | | | | | | |
| Perspective Session Events | ~ | | . 100 | 1.1.1 ²⁰⁰ 1.1. | | | I ⁵⁰⁰ . | | 0 |
| Pipeline Block Editor | - × | | _ | | | | | | |
| - Delay Block | | - START | | Set Property | * | Notification | | O Delay | |
| Delay (sec) | | - | P | OU1 roperty: numCalls | 1. E | mail Notifica | OUT > | IN 5 minutes, 0 s | OUT > |
| | | | | | Roste | er: Operators | | | <u>_</u> |
| | | 2 | | | | | | | |

8. If the alarm is still active and not acknowledged, the counter will increment by 1. In order to increment the counter, drag in another Set Property block and connect the **OUT** of the Notification block to the **IN** of the Set Property block. You can right click on the Set Property block to **reverse the orientation**.

A Note on Syntax

The Set Property Block's **Property Value** uses Ignition's Expression language. More information on the Expression language can be found on the Expression Overview and Syntax page.

9. In the Pipeline Block Editor, set the Property Name to numCalls. In the Property Value Expression enter "{numCalls} + 1". In this expression, use the curly braces to refer to that variable so the counter gets incremented by 1.

| Project Browser | ē _ × | Pipeline Blocks | | | | | | | |
|---|----------------|---|-------|--|--------|--|--------------|-------|-------------------------------|
| Q- Filter | Æ | N | () | ~ | E | fx |) (ji) | C | |
| | 4 mm | Notification | Delay | Splitter | Switch | Expression | Set Property | Jump | Script |
| Pipeline Block Editor Set Property Block Property Name numCalls Scope | | START | ▶ | /三 Set Property IN OI Property: numCal | л >—→с | Notifica IN 1. Email Noti Roster: Operato | OUT > | VC IN | Delay OUT es, 0 seconds |
| Local Property Value (expression) 1 {numCalls} + 1 | ▼ ^ *= Ξ | - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - | | | | | | OUT | ty: numCalls |

- 10. The Expression block will check to see if numCalls is < 3. Drag in an Expression Block to your pipeline workspace and right click on the Expression block to reverse the orientation.
- 11. Connect the **OUT** of the Set Property block to the **IN** of the Expression block. Since the value of numCalls is less than 3, the alarm event will follow the True path. Connect the True output to the Operator Notification block.

| Project Browser | a _ × | Pipeline Blocks | | | | | | | |
|---|----------|-----------------|----|-----------------|-------------------|--|--------------|--|-------------|
| Q- Filter | 1 | 2 | () | -< | E | fx | ý <u> </u> | ¢ | P |
| Alarm Notification Pipelines Armai Armai Coping Pipeline Anoty Coperators Sequential Function Charts Serpetive Graphic Charts Vision Preine Block Edtor Expension Block | ۲ - X | Notification | _ | Splitter | Switch | Expression | Set Property | Jump | Script |
| 1 {numCalls} < 3 2 | *= E | Tob Transformer | | verty: numCalls | 1. Ema Roster: | nil Notificat: Operators /// Expression TRUE FALSE {numCalls> | ions C | IN 5 minutes, 0 seco 2 Set Proper C OUT Property: numb | ty IN P4 |

- If the numCalls is > 3, the alarm event will follow the False path and it will escalate to the Managers.
 Drag in another Notification block and reverse the block orientation. In the Pipeline Block Editor, set the Notification to use Email Notifications, and set the Contacts to use the Managers on-call roster.
- 14. Connect the False pin to the IN of the Production Supervisors Notification block.

| Project Browser | V Pipeline Blocks | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------------|---------------|---|--------|--|--------------|-----------------------------|-----------|
| Q- Filter | v | (L) | -< | E | fx | × | Ċ | |
| Alarm Notification Pipelines Alarm Notification Pipeline Cooping Pipeline Alarm Notify Operators Sequential Function Charts Scripting Scripting Serspective Session Events | Notification | Delay | Splitter | Switch | Expression | Set Property | Jump | Script |
| Pipeline Block Editor Cil _ > Notification Block Notification Block Roster Type: Direct On-Call Roster Managers Cil Consolidation | START | CUT 1. Ema | Set Property IN O Property: numCa Notification | | 1. Email Noti Roster: Operato for Exp TRUE FALSE | OUT > | C IN 5 minutes, S OUT | o seconds |

As you can see, when the Escalate Pipeline sets the numCalls variable to a value of "0", it's going to notify the Operators on-call roster through email that the alarm is active. It will wait 5 minutes, and if the alarm is still active, it will increment the counter by 1. This will repeat until the numCalls is > 3. After the third time, if the alarm is still active and in the pipeline, then the Production Supervisors will be notified. Keep in mind, that if the alarm at any point meets the dropout conditions, it will not go to the next block of the pipeline.

A You can also use the Jump Block as your escalation instead of a second Notification block. This will allow you to jump into another complete pipeline when nobody answers.

Related Topics ...

• Pipeline - Notification Block Consolidation

Pipeline - Notification Block Consolidation

Notification consolidation allows you to limit the number of notifications sent by specifying a delay during which incoming events will be collected. When the delay expires, all events that have arrived during the period of time will be sent together to the notification profile.

| Pipeline Block Edito | r | ē. | - × |
|----------------------|-----------|---------------|-----|
| Notification Bloc | :k | | |
| Notification | Contacts | Consolidation | |
| 🗹 Consolidation | n Enabled | | |
| Delay (sec) | | | |
| | 15 | 5 | |
| Frequency (sec |) | | |
| | 60 | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |

Consolidation Example

Once an alarm enters the Notification block in this pipeline, it will wait for **Delay** number of seconds (in this case 15 seconds) before sending the alarm. If additional alarms enter this notification block, it will send using the **Consolidated** Message/Subject from the **Notification** tab depending on your notification type.

Once an alarm has been sent, whether it was a consolidated notification or not, this Notification Block will wait for **Frequency** number of seconds (in this case 60 seconds) before it can send another email.

Note that Consolidation only effects this pipeline. Any notification blocks in other pipelines will not be effected.

Related Topics ...

• Pipeline Status

Pipeline Status

Monitor the Pipeline Status

It's possible to monitor the status of your alarm notification pipelines to see exactly where your alarms are in the notification process in Ignition. You can do this from the Gateway Webpage.

- 1. Go to the Status tab of your Gateway Webpage and on the left side of the navigation bar
- Scroll down to Systems > Alarm Pipelines. The Alarm Pipeline page will open and display the status of all your Alarm Pipelines. This example shows five pipelines with one active pipeline for Basic Email and four inactive pipelines.





3. To see a detailed status of any of your alarm pipelines, click the **Details** tab for any of your alarms. This example shows that the Basic Email pipeline has two active alarms. The Details shows you the affected Source Path, Display Path, Pipeline Block, Status and the length of Time stuck in a pipeline block. You can **Cancel** the alarm to delete it from the pipeline, and view the logs by clicking on the **Pipeline Logs** tab.

| | | | | | | Configuration |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------|-------------------|--|---------------|---------------|
| Pipeline Status Pipeline Lo | ogs | | | | | |
| Pipeline Status | | | | | | |
| Source A | | Display Path | Block | Status | Time In Block | |
| prov:default:/tag:gensim/Writeable; | WriteableFloat1:/alm:Fault1 | | NotificationBlock | Notifying user 'admin' (1 of 1). | 25 minutes | Cano |
| | WriteableFloat1:/alm:High | Machine A | NotificationBlock | Notifying | of minutes | Cano |

How long an alarm stays in the in the Alarm Pipeline Status depends on how the pipeline is configured, the type of notification (i.e., Email, SMS or Voice), and what the pipeline is doing (i.e., notifying users, looping, caught in a delay, executing a script, etc.).

Adding Pipelines to Tags

Any alarm in Ignition can use an existing alarm notification pipeline on the local Gateway and/or re mote Gateway. Alarms can share pipelines resulting in a single pipeline providing notification services to many alarms. When an alarm becomes active, cleared, or acknowledged it can execute a designated alarm pipeline. The information about the alarm is ported automatically into the alarm pipeline.

Different Pipelines for Different Events

Each alarm has 3 events that can push it into a pipeline: Active, Clear, and Acknowledge (Ack). While they all work the same way, it is helpful to know a few things about each event. For all pipelines, the default settings are to drop alarms from the pipeline if that alarm is Acknowledged, Cleared, or Shelved. This means each Alarm Pipeline Event requires slight changes to these properties, so it is a good idea to have special "cleared" or "shelved" versions of any pipelines that will be called from these other events.

Active Pipeline

The Active Pipeline event is the most commonly used event for sending alarm notification. This happens when the alarm goes into the active state (alarm has happened). The default settings are commonly OK because any Acknowledged, Cleared, or Shelved alarms are usually not considered active anymore.

Clear Pipeline

The Clear Pipeline event is the most commonly used event for sending notification that the issue is no longer active, but may still need attention. This happens when the alarm goes from the active state to the cleared state. The default setting to **drop out if "Cleared" is NOT OK** because any alarm event that started as a "Clear" event will always drop out at the Start Block.

Ack Pipeline

The Acknowledge (Ack) Pipeline event is the most commonly used event for telling your users that someone is working on the problem. This happens when the alarm goes into the acknowledged state (usually an operator pressing the Acknowledge button). The default setting to **drop out if "Acknowledged" is NOT OK** because any alarm event that started as an "Acknowledged" event will always drop out at the Start Block. It is usually a good idea to also set the "Cleared" dropout condition to False since any acknowledge notification is probably wanted regardless of if the alarm is cleared.

Custom Message Scripts

When adding a pipeline to an alarm, you can also set up custom messages that will be used in each type of notification. These custom messages will only be used for this particular alarm, and will overwrite the settings configured for the message in the pipeline.

Email

Email Notification is unique in that not only can you specify a custom message, but also a custom subject for the email. These will only be used for the alarm they are configured on.

Custom Message Script The "{name}" alarm became {eventState} at {eventTime|hh:mm:ss} with a value of "{Value}"

On this page ... Different Pipelines for Different Events Active Pipeline Clear Pipeline Clear Pipeline Custom Message Scripts Email SMS Voice Associate a Pipeline with the Alarm



The SMS Notification has a property that allows you to create a custom text that will get sent out when this alarm is triggered.

Voice

The Voice Notification system allows you to create a custom message on alarms as well. The custom message will only replace the Active Message portion of the voice scripts, and will play the defined script for all other prompts.

Associate a Pipeline with the Alarm

- 1. Double-click on a Tag that already has an alarm configured (i.e., WriteableFloat1). The **Tag Editor** is displayed and you can access its properties.
- 2. Scroll down to the Alarms section and select an alarm. (If you don't have an alarm configured, create one. To learn more about creating alarms, go to Configuring Alarms.)

| W | riteableFloat1 | | | | - |
|-----|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------|-------|--------|
| de | fault | | | | |
| rop | perties | | Details | | |
| | | Documentation | Diagnostics | | |
| | engineering riigh ennie | 100.0 ^ | | | |
| | Engineering Limit Mode | No_Clamp 🔹 | | | |
| | Format String | #,##0.## | | | |
| Ŧ | Meta Data Properties | | | | |
| | Tooltip | | | | |
| | Documentation | | | | |
| Ŧ | Security | | | | |
| | Access Rights | Read/Write 👻 | | | |
| Ŧ | Scripting | | | | |
| | Tag Event Scripts | 0 event scripts 🥒 | | | |
| Ŧ | Alarms | | | | |
| | Alarms | 2 configured alarm(s) 🖉 | | | |
| | Alarm Eval Enabled | true 💌 | | | |
| • | History | | | | |
| | History Enabled | false 💌 | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | ок | Apply | Cancel |

3. Click on the Edit 🖍 icon to edit the alarms.

- 4. Select the alarm to edit then scroll down to the Notification section.
- 5. Select the desired alarm pipeline from the dropdown for any of the alarm status states. Typically, operators want to know when an alarm goes active. This example uses the Basic Pipeline when the alarm status becomes Active.
- 6. Click Commit.

| larms | | High Alarm | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|---|---|------------------------------------|------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| ligh Alarm - Above Setpoint, Low | + | Properties | | | | | | | | |
| .ow Alarm - Below Setpoint, Low | đ | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Deadband Mode | Absolute | | | | | | | |
| | | Active delay (seconds) | | 0 🖂 | | | | | | |
| | | Clear delay (seconds) | | 0 🖂 | | | | | | |
| | | Notification | | | | | | | | |
| | | Ack Pipeline | | ▼ GE | | | | | | |
| | | Active Pipeline | Core_20191011115238/Basic Pipeline | ▼ G: | | | | | | |
| | | Clear Pipeline | | ▼ G: | | | | | | |
| | | Phone Call Settings | | | | | | | | |
| | | Custom Message | | G | | | | | | |
| | | Email Notification Properties | | | | | | | | |
| | | Custom Message | | G | | | | | | |
| | | Custom Subject | | G | | | | | | |
| | | SMS Notification Properties | | | | | | | | |
| | | Custom Message | | G | | | | | | |
| | | Custom Message Ack Pipeline The pipeline that will be notified when | the alarm has been acknowledged. | | | | | | | |

Now, every time a the High Alarm Tag goes Active, it will use the logic in the Basic Email pipeline to notify the operators.

Related Topics ...

Pipeline Blocks